

the 11th of March, 1881, but it was quite possible to say that the child, for all practical purposes, might be considered to be either seven or eight or twelve. His hon'ble friend Mr. Kennedy referred to the English system of registration. His EXCELLENCY thought, if his memory served him correctly, that, when the English Factory Act was first enacted, in 1841,—and this clause would be found in the original Act,—the registration-system was not in perfect operation at the time, and that was the reason why originally the system of certificate by surgeons was adopted. Of course, as the system of registration had grown in England, the use of the surgeon's certificate had died out; but originally the English manufacturers were subject under their Act to precisely the same liability as it was proposed now to extend to this country; and, as his hon'ble friend Mr. Stokes had pointed out, there were a great number of cases both in English and Indian legislation where the same principle of throwing the burden of proof on the defendant had been adopted. Among others, if he was not mistaken, one was the English Passengers' Act, which was an Act of somewhat the same description as the Factories Act; and it would also be found that in many other Acts of a similar description, regulating the relations between employers and employed,—certainly in the Customs Act, regulating the relations between the Government and the importers of goods,—the same principle had been adopted. Under those circumstances, His EXCELLENCY thought that the Bill should stand as it was now sent up by the Select Committee.

The Hon'ble MR. KENNEDY said, in reply, that he thought the great majority, if not all, of those exceptional cases, in which the burden of proof was thrown on the defendant or the person accused, were those in which the thing to be proved was within his own personal knowledge, which he was the person who knew about or ought to have known about, and which other people could not know, such as offences under the Customs Act, and the like. But here the opinion of the certifying surgeon, which could always be obtained by the Court, ought to be sufficient to warrant the burden of proof being thrown on the prosecution; for Mr. KENNEDY's recollection of the Criminal Procedure Code and of the Evidence Act was that every certificate of a medical officer was, for most purposes, evidence in criminal cases. Therefore, he thought the first portion of section 16 of the Bill was unnecessary, and there was in the second portion of the section sufficient to throw the burden of proof on the millowner if the medical officer of the station, after examination, was of opinion that the child was under the specified age.

The Motion that the first clause of section 16 be omitted was put and negatived.

The Hon'ble MR. KENNEDY then moved that, in the second clause of section 16, after the word "under," the words "or over" be inserted.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. KENNEDY withdrew the Motion that the following section be added to the Bill, namely:—

"20. Any child which has cut the four central permanent incisor teeth shall be deemed to have attained the age of eight years."

The Hon'ble MR. RIVERS THOMPSON moved that the Bill as amended be passed.

The Hon'ble MR. REYNOLDS said that, as a member of the Select Committee, he was unwilling to give a silent vote on this question, especially as he had felt obliged to dissent from the report which had been presented by the Committee. He believed he would not be in order, at this stage of the discussion, in offering any remarks on the principle of the measure before the Council. He would therefore confine what he had to say to the Committee's report, and especially to the important change which had been introduced into the first section of the Bill.

This change made the Bill applicable to the whole of British India. As the draft formerly stood, the only part of the Bill which applied to the whole of British India was the harmless statement that this Act might be cited as the Factories Act, 1880. The other sections were only to apply to those provinces to which they might be extended by the respective Local Governments.

He entirely agreed with the action of the Select Committee in doing away with the permissive character of the Bill. As a matter of principle, it seemed to him extremely objectionable that the application of a measure of this kind should be made to depend on the individual opinion of a Governor or Lieutenant-Governor. And it was easy to see that in practice the permissive character of the Bill would be more nominal than real. Suppose (to put an entirely hypothetical case) the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal were anxious to put the measure in force in these Provinces, but the Governor of Bombay resisted its introduction into the Western Presidency. The inevitable result would be an outcry from the Bengal millowners that they were unfairly handicapped; the Government of India and the Secretary of State would be unable to resist the appeal; and the Governor of Bombay, however reluctant he might be, would find himself compelled to give way and to authorize the introduction of the Act.

There was another argument which had seemed to him to point in the same direction. There was a very general opinion, at any rate outside this Council Chamber, that this legislation had been urged upon the Government of India from two very different and indeed opposite quarters,—that the voice was the voice of Exeter Hall, but the hand was the hand of Manchester. If there had been any foundation for this belief, it would follow that the instigators of the measure would not be satisfied with the mere passing of a permissive Bill; but would put pressure on the Government to enforce the Act in every part of the country in which a mill or a factory could be found. His Lordship had informed the Council that this opinion was unfounded, and he (MR. REYNOLDS) did not, therefore, desire to lay any stress on this argument. But, on every ground, he thought that the Select Committee were right in saying that the application of the Act ought not to be made to depend upon the discretion of any Local Government.

But, if the Bill was to be made compulsory, this made it all the more necessary that its operation should be confined to those provinces (if such there were) in which it was really required. There was some evidence before the Council to show the necessity for factory-legislation in Bombay. If the Council were satisfied on this point, an Act might have been passed for Bombay, or this measure might have been transferred to the Bombay Council for consideration. But in the Lower Provinces of Bengal he believed that the public voice was absolutely unanimous in saying that such an Act was not required. Now, this was not merely the selfish outcry of interested persons. The Native newspapers in Bengal (and all honour to them for it) were never backward in pointing out cases of what they thought to be oppression and wrong. It might be that they often evinced more zeal than discretion, that they acted upon incomplete or incorrect information, and that they sometimes imputed blame where none was deserved. But, if factory-work in Bengal really involved such evils as the promoters of this Bill would have them believe, if the hours of labour were unreasonably long, if children were tasked beyond their strength, would the Press have been silent on the subject? Take an analogous case which recently occurred,—the case in which some benevolent persons called upon the Government to interfere to prevent European seamen being made to work in the sun during the hot season. No complaint was made by the seamen themselves; but when attention was once called to the matter the public voice unanimously declared that this was a hardship which ought to be redressed; shipowners and ship-captains themselves supported the call for interference, and a Bill to remedy the evil was introduced into the Bengal Council, and was passed without a single dissentient voice. Now, contrast this case with the criticisms which the Bill now before the Council had elicited. On the one hand,

they had men disregarding their own interests in the cause of humanity, and supported in doing so by the unanimous voice of the press and the public; on the other, they had an universal condemnation of this measure as mischievous and unnecessary. Was mercantile enterprise more selfish on land than it was on ship-board? Were the opponents of this Bill confined to millowners and to shareholders in spinning companies? Were the remonstrances of such bodies as the Chamber of Commerce and the British Indian Association to be set aside as interested outcries? How did they account for the fact, that in one case protective legislation was welcomed, while in the other it was repudiated? He confidently asserted that it was because in one case the grievance was real, while in the other it was imaginary.

Holding these opinions, MR. REYNOLDS would of course have been glad if this Bill could have been confined to Bombay. But he admitted the practical difficulty of passing such a measure for a single Presidency. He recognized the jealousies and heart-burnings which it would excite, and he acknowledged the duty of the Supreme Government to hold the balance with an even hand between the several Provinces of the Empire. It seemed to him of more practical importance to modify and soften down the objectionable features of the Bill, than to pass for Bombay a stringent law which perhaps might afterwards be extended, in an unmodified form, to Bengal. The amendments which had been accepted by the Council seemed to him calculated to reduce to a minimum the annoyance and interference with business which were inseparable from legislation of this kind; and, though he was not satisfied that any sufficient case had been made out for the enactment of a factory-law for Bengal, still, as the amendments he had referred to had been accepted, he did not intend to offer any opposition to the passing of the Bill.

His Honour the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR said that, as he had from the first opposed the Bill, believing that not the slightest ground existed for legislation in regard to the control of labour in the provinces under his government, he thought that he ought to state in a few words his willingness to vote for the passing of the Bill as now amended. Had the proposal been to pass the Bill as amended by the Select Committee, he should have felt it to be his duty to vote against its passing; for he believed that it would have been unjustifiable, and that it would have been very mischievous in its working. He had, however, represented his objections to His Excellency the Viceroy, and great concessions had been made in the direction which he desired. Admitting that some measure was required in some parts of the country, and that, for Imperial purposes, it was necessary to make the law one of general application, he believed that the amendments just carried, on the motion of Mr. Thompson, made the measure as little harmful to the industrial interests of Bengal as possible, and he must express his acknowledgments for the concessions made. He did not believe that any millowner would object to the occasional inspection of his factory by a Magistrate of standing and experience, and that they would accept the amended Bill. His Honour could only say that he would endeavour to see that the Bill was loyally and honestly worked in the interests of the employers and labourers alike.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BENARES FAMILY DOMAINS BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. COLVIN moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Regulation VII of 1828 be taken into consideration. He said that this Bill, as he had explained when he obtained leave to introduce it, had two objects principally in view. The first of these was to bring the law into accordance with the procedure which had gradually grown up within the family domains of the Mahârâjâ of Benares during the last fifty years.

Its other object was to ascertain and declare the law in force in the family domains, as those parganas were to be exempted from the operation of the Scheduled Districts Act and the Laws Local Extent Act. The Bill as now

amended stated precisely what the law would be for the future in the family domains, and, in doing this, it made no change in the existing law, except in one rather important matter which he would shortly explain. The state of the law in the family domains after this Bill was passed would be as follows:—first, in relation to a certain portion of the matters which had been entrusted to the Mahárájá; that was to say, in respect of all matters connected with the realization of rent and revenue, the law would be regulated by the principle and spirit of the enactments for the time being in force in the North-Western Provinces, and also by the letter of those enactments, so far as the letter should be applicable, and as the Local Government, with the concurrence of the Mahárájá, might direct. This concurrence of the Mahárájá was the point to which he had referred as important. The Mahárájá had never at any time previously exercised any control over the legislation relating to the family domains, and this privilege, which it was now proposed to confer upon him at the recommendation of the Government of the North-Western Provinces, was a matter of pure favour and grace, to which no claim could be shewn. The privilege was restricted to the laws relating to the collection of rent and revenue. In respect of all matters which had been entrusted to the Mahárájá, other than the realization of rent and revenue, his administration would be regulated by the principles and spirit of the laws in force in the North-Western Provinces, and by the letter of such rules as the Local Government might make. The Maháraja's opinion would be taken in respect of such rules, but his concurrence would not be necessary. In respect of all matters relating to the general, civil and criminal administration of the Province, not only the spirit but the letter of the law in force for the time being in the North-Western Provinces would apply. MR. COLVIN had said that the law had been precisely declared in the Bill; he wished he could have added that it had been declared in a manner that was perfectly clear and readily intelligible. Unfortunately, this could not be done by a mere amending measure, and he was free to confess that the provisions of the Bill were somewhat complicated, and that the law might have been made much more plainly intelligible if it had been possible to repeal and re-enact Regulation VI of 1828. The Local Government, however, did not think that course desirable, and the Committee were unwilling to press it. The substance in such a case was more important than the form, and the law, as set forth in the Bill, was not really doubtful, though the statement of it in the shape of amendments of the old Regulation appeared obscure.

The only further observation he had to make was that, as the Bill stood now, it had been generally accepted by all the authorities concerned; he thought, therefore, that the Council might safely be asked to pass the measure.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. COLVIN also moved that the Bill as amended be passed.
The Motion was put and agreed to.

OBSTRUCTIONS IN FAIRWAYS BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. STOKES presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to empower the Government to remove or destroy obstructions in fairways, and to prevent the creation of such obstructions, and moved that it be taken into consideration. He said that the Bill had been considered by the four Local Governments which it specially concerned, and had been generally approved by them as desirable and sufficient. Some few suggestions had been made and adopted. Thus, the Select Committee, in order to remove difficulties which had been felt as to the scope and object of the Bill, had limited its operation to obstructions in fairways leading to ports in British India. A section had also been inserted, corresponding to section 13 of the Indian Ports Act, and providing for the payment of compensation to persons who might suffer damage from the removal or prohibition under the Bill of obstructions (such as fishing-stakes) which they might, by long usage, have acquired a right to maintain or create. Each set of stakes was, relatively to the means of the

fishermen, a valuable property, and necessary for the deep-sea fishing on which their earnings largely depended; and, in one instance mentioned by the Bombay Collector of Salt-revenue, the value of a small row of stakes which had been placed by the joint exertions of a number of poor fishermen, and removed under the Indian Ports Act, had been found to be Rs. 1,200. The Committee had also inserted a section to provide that any action which might have been taken by the Government before the Bill became law in any of the matters to which the Bill related should be deemed to have been taken under it. These were the only changes which had been made, and, if no hon'ble member proposed an amendment of the Bill, Mr. STOKES had, under the rules, the right to move that the Bill be passed. As the season for placing fishing-stakes off the coasts of Bombay had, he believed, commenced, it was desirable that the Bill should without delay be brought into force in that Presidency.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. STOKES then moved that the Bill be passed.

No amendment being proposed, the Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council then adjourned *sine die*.

D. FITZPATRICK,

Secretary to the Government of India,

Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;

The 11th March, 1881. }

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 8, 1881.

GOVERNMENT
DEPARTMENT OF FIN.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

REFERENCES AND NOTES

In the **dryland** prices range as follow—Wheat 18 to 20 seers, barley 22 to 40 seers, oat 20 to 35 seers, common rice 24 to 30 seers, maize 20 to 35 seers, beans 24 to 35 seers, and lentil 18 to 35 seers.

8 In the following case, the trial was held before the trial judge, who had been granted leave to open session, April 2nd 1973 7:30 AM.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

四庫全書

SCIENCE AND COMMERCE.

for the 1st half of March 1881.

DEERS OF 80 TOLARS.

In the infant the pulmonary veins are as follows:—Whence 1d to 2d month, 20-24 mm. 3d to 3d month, 25-28 mm. 4th to 4d month, 28-32 mm. 5th to 5d month, 32-36 mm. 6th to 6d month, 36-40 mm. 7th to 7d month, 40-44 mm. 8th to 8d month, 44-48 mm. 9th to 9d month, 48-52 mm.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

In Khidderpore—Wheat 12 hours, barley 9½ hours, paddy millet 10 acres, great millet 26 acres, and maize 16 acres; and in the interior the prices range as follow:—Bast rice 12 to 13½ acres, cotton 15 to 20 acres, gram 10 to 11½ acres, Jowarw 10 acres, and salt 8 to 10 acres.

In the interior the prices range as follows:—1 bushel 17½ to 20½ cents, barley 30 to 45 cents, corn 80 to 112 cents, common rice 25 to 32 cents, maize (in Kernels) 16 to 20 cents, grain 16 to 35 cents, firewood 80 to 200 cents, and salt 8 to 10 cents.

s in the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 8 cents, oats 12 to 26 cents, cornmeal 12 to 23 cents, grain 8 to 17 cents, broomcorn 150 to 1500 mills, 2500 to 3000 mills, barley 30 to 65 cents, beans 16 to 21 cents, wheat 16 to 30 mills, bullock's milk 150 to 3000 mills.

In Bognor the prices are—Wheat 12 acres, best wheat at £20s., common wheat 25 acres, grain 12 acres, firewood 100 hours, and salt 2½ lb.

In the interior the prices range as follows.—Wheat 15 to 16 seers, best rice 13 to 22-3 seers, dosimmo 12 to 30 seers, Jamer millet (or Kurigram) 20 seers, gram 8 to 10 seers. Barley 8 to 10 seers, and salt 5 to 8 seers.

13. In the following sub-divisions the prices are—Wood 25 seers, rice 10 seers, common rice 25 seers, grain 15 seers, and 10 seers.

1. In the case of the first 10 hours, commence rise to 10 hours, instantaneous rise to 10 hours, instantaneous fall to 10 hours, instantaneous fall to 10 hours.

In the laboratory, the change is as follows:—Viscous (in Buhl) 10 weeks, but rise 12 to 23-14 sec., common rise 16 to 29-30 sec., final 18 to 30 sec., maximum 40 to 45 sec.

In Anantnag the paddy area -Bait rice 23 acres, common rice 37 acres, and 82 acres.

In the interior the prices range as follows :—Wheat 13 to 22 annas, best rice 10 to 27-8 annas, common rice 9 to 20 annas, lesser millets (in Dangarage) 35 annas, gram 9 to 12 annas, and salt 2 annas.

rice 2½ acres, cotton 100 acres, firewood 2½ acres, and salt 3 acres.

In this 8 month test period the growth range was follows — least 100 to 1000 mm², mean 2300 mm², greatest 2500 mm², and most 1000 mm², and until 6 to 8 years.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

India for the 1st half of March 1881—continued.

SIXTEEN SIERES OF 80 TOLARS.

In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 15-sacks, barley 30 to 50-mils., and rye 11 to 14-mils., buckwheat 10 to 25-mils., (in Bazaar) millet, groats, millet, 100, or 1000-mils., rye 30, 40-42 and 35-mils respectively, grain 31 to 35-mils., firewood 300 to 400-mils., and salt 9 to 9-mils.

In the maize sub-district the prices are—Wheat 20 annas, barley 10 annas, beans 12 to 15 annas, gram 12 to 23 annas, maize 16 to 40 annas, rice 12 to 25 annas.

In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 20 to 22 cents, barley 40 to 55-5 cents, oats 11 to 15 cents, common rice 21 to 23 cents, millets 35 to 40 cents, grain 21 to 30 cents, broomcorn 10 to 12½ cents, and split 40 to 50 cents.

III. The instructor the prices range as follows:—What is to 30 acres, barley 30 to 60 acres, beet rice 15 to 20 acres, common mustard 30 to 40 acres, common millet 20 to 35 acres, maize 30 to 40 acres, grain 20 to 30 acres, and wheat 25 to 35 acres.

In the interior the prices range as follows: 15 hours to 20 to 25 hours, border or backwoods \$10 to \$12 per hour; 20 hours to 30 hours, border or backwoods \$12 to \$15 per hour; 30 hours to 40 hours, border or backwoods \$15 to \$20 per hour; 40 hours to 50 hours, border or backwoods \$20 to \$25 per hour.

In the interior the price range is follow -- When 10 to 22 square, Garret above, bins etc to 10 feet high, and 10 to 12 feet wide.

10 the interior, the price of rice ranges from 10 to 15 cents per pound.
11 Krueng, sub-district of Bandoeng, 10 miles from the city—Whence 10 to 12 acres, barley 20 to 30 acres, wheat 10 to 15 acres, cotton 25 to 30 acres, tobacco 10 to 15 acres, maize 10 to 15 acres.

12. The ho-ho-er, or grinn range as follows: When 10 days old, grain 23 to 25 ozs., water 10 to 12 ozs., meat 10 to 12 ozs.

22. In 1990, the average price was \$10.81 per meal, up from \$10.60 in 1989.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

Districts.	Wheat.				Barley.				Rice (best sort).				Rice (common).				Great Millet (Chowm, Jowar), Sorghum (Sorghum).				Bairush Millet (Cantoo, Jira), Pennisetum Species.						
	Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fortnight of 1880.		Present fortnight.		Corresponding fortnight of 1880.		Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fortnight of 1880.		Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fortnight of 1880.		Present fortnight.				
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.		
Sylhet	13	0	13	0	10	0	...	...	16	0	16	0	11	0	29	0	28	0	19	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	10	5	10	0	6	20	0	20	0	14	8	22	12	23	12	12	5	26	10	14	8	...	...	...	...
Gopalganj	20	0	26	11	13	6	...	...	13	5	16	0	13	5	20	0	20	0	16	8	...	...	...	...	...
Gora Hills . . . .	...	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	0	6	0	...	...	20	0	18	0	...	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	16	0	14	0	12	0	...	...	18	0	18	0	12	0	16	0	22	0	16	0	...	...	...	...	...
Darrang	8	0	8	0	8	0	...	...	8	0	8	0	8	0	16	0	16	0	15	4	...	...	...	...	...
Nowrang . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	0	12	0	10	9	18	0	16	0	15	4	...	...	...	...	...
Silhagar . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	0	8	0	6	0	14	0	14	0	10	0	...	...	...	...	...
Lakshimpur	8	0	8	0	7	0	...	...	8	0	8	0	5	8	0	14	0	14	0	9	8	...	...	...	...
Khubis & Jaintia Hills	6	0	8	0	6	8	...	...	8	0	8	0	0	0	10	8	9	8	9	8	...	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dibrugarh	17	0	18	8	18	8	28	0	28	0	23	0	11	0	10	8	12	8	12	0	22	0	21	0	26	0	
Saharanpur	18	5	17	4	16	8	28	0	25	14	23	11	8	10	8	9	14	14	14	14	12	23	9	23	13	20	
Muzaffarnagar	19	12	18	11	18	11	26	0	26	6	23	2	6	9	8	9	6	9	14	5	11	6	14	5	22	0	
Meerut	10	4	10	8	18	8	27	0	27	0	26	0	5	0	6	0	5	0	14	0	14	0	23	0	21	0	
Bundeshahr	21	4	21	2	19	0	30	0	29	8	27	4	6	0	6	0	6	0	11	8	10	0	11	4	26	0	
Alligarh	13	0	18	4	18	5	25	8	25	8	26	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	12	0	12	0	11	0	22	0	
Kanpur	13	0	18	0	11	8	15	0	15	0	14	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	12	8	12	8	12	8	12	0	
Gorakhpur	17	8	17	8	14	0	20	0	20	0	16	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	12	8	13	8	19	11	19	11	
Pijsur	18	4	18	4	16	0	25	0	24	12	32	10	11	4	11	4	11	4	15	12	15	13	18	12	23	0	
Mirzapur	20	10	20	10	19	6	28	12	28	12	32	8	8	2	8	2	7	8	15	0	16	14	23	12	26	4	
Burdwan	19	8	19	8	19	8	32	8	25	12	30	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	15	9	15	9	15	24	21	7	
Bankura	18	7	18	12	19	12	31	8	35	4	29	0	8	0	7	0	8	4	16	6	10	8	19	8	25	0	
Jorai Pergunnah	20	0	20	0	22	8	30	0	33	12	45	0	8	12	5	12	10	0	15	0	15	0	10	0	28	0	
Kuttia	18	0	18	0	15	8	25	0	26	0	27	8	8	0	8	0	8	0	14	0	15	0	15	0	25	0	
Agra	18	0	18	4	17	8	23	8	23	8	23	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	13	8	13	0	21	8	23	0	
Firozabad	20	0	19	15	17	8	25	12	25	8	35	12	5	12	4	12	4	6	7	14	8	14	11	17	0		
Alampur	18	0	18	4	17	0	25	8	22	8	35	0	5	8	0	5	8	0	12	8	12	8	13	0	20	0	
Ritwa	19	0	19	6	15	8	24	8	24	0	22	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	14	0	15	0	15	0	23	0	
Julian	20	0	19	8	19	8	30	0	33	0	33	12	45	0	8	12	5	12	10	0	15	0	15	0	25	0	
Jaunpur	23	0	23	8	13	14	35	41	31	7	27	9	7	8	7	8	8	8	13	0	13	0	13	0	25	0	
Malda	24	0	23	8	16	8	35	0	35	0	50	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	25	0	
Gawnpur	21	0	21	8	18	0	29	0	29	0	26	0	10	8	10	8	9	0	15	8	15	8	15	8	25	0	
Khuldyar	18	8	18	4	16	0	25	0	25	0	27	0	9	8	9	8	9	0	9	4	13	4	17	8	27	0	
Blades	18	8	18	6	16	0	36	8	26	0	28	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	25	0	
Asansol	20	0	19	6	17	0	28	0	28	0	30	0	17	8	18	8	15	0	17	8	17	8	17	8	25	0	
Mirzapur	19	0	19	9	15	8	32	7	22	2	22	8	8	12	8	12	8	12	8	17	8	17	8	17	8	27	0
Benares	18	15	18	2	17	14	29	18	27	2	25	3	13	0	13	0	11	15	41	21	21	18	15	31	7	29	0
Ghazipur	18	8	22	8	16	12	34	14	35	8	35	1	10	15	10	15	16	0	10	12	41	16	31	8	21	14	
Balia	20	0	19	8	16	0	40	0	26	0	26	0	9	8	9	8	8	0	21	8	16	4	22	8	16	0	
Pilibhit	21	4	...	...	31	4	...	...	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lucknow	18	8	18	7	16	18	26	12	26	10	26	8	6	0	6	0	6	0	15	8	15	12	15	8	23	0	
Unnao	19	8	19	8	17	0	24	0	24	8	24	8	8	0	8	0	7	0	14	8	14	0	16	0	23	0	
Jalaunhi	18	4	19	0	22	0	28	0	26	8	25	0	8	0	8	0	9	0	9	0	15	0	17	0	31	0	
Sitapur	22	8	22	2	21	4	37	8	35	0	28	0	8	5	8	8	8	8	17	0	16	12	32	8	27	0	
No return received . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kheri	22	0	22	8	21	0	32	0	35	0	30	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	17	0	18	0	36	0	34	0	
Kyanbad	18	0	17	12	17	0	29	6	30	0	37	8	10	8	10	8	12	5	16	8	15	0	16	31	4	25	
Ihsanpur	18	8	19	0	18	8	36	0	38	8	30	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	16	0	
Gonda	21	12	21	14	18	14	34	0	38	8	29	0	17	12	18	12	14	8	16	4	18	13	18	8	14	0	
Ioni Borell	10	12	18	14	17	12	20	0	24	0	23	0	18	0	18	0	18	8	14	0	18	8	22	0	24	0	
Gulmoharpur	22	0	22	0	20	8	32	0	23	0	22	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	17	0	17	0	21	0	20	0	
Parbatgarh	22	0	22	12	17	15	34	2	33	2	34	10	14	13	14	13	19	0	15	18	10	3	21	5	17	0	
Delhi	18	0	18	8	18	0	28	0	23	8	26	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	0	14	0	13	8	23	12
Gurjarpur	19	0	20	0	17	0	25	8	26	0	27	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	0	18	8	12	0	25	0
Kurnool . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hissar	18	8	15	8	14	0	28	0	28	0	25	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	0	10	0	10	0	25	0
Kohat	18	0	17	12	16	0	29	0	22	0	25	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	0	19	0	21	0	25	0
Diven	10	0	16	8	15	0	32	0	30	0	33	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	0	12	0	12	0	26	0
Lumbilla	18	8	15	12	15	6	26	0	24	0	25	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	3	12	0	12	0	25	0
Ludhiana	18	8	17	0	16	8	26	0	26	0	22	0	12	0	12						

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

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for the 1st half, of March 1881—continued.

TERMS OF 80 TOLAHS.

District.	Province.	Remarks.	Firewood.												Salt.												DISTRICTS.															
			Gram.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.	Present fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Corresponding fortnight of 1880.									
Ca.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.				
1	16	0	16	0	0	0	108	0	108	0	108	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	8	8	Sylhet
2	16	0	15	4	12	4	64	0	64	0	80	0	8	11	9	2	8	0	8	0	Cachar
3	11	6	10	11	8	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	Gauhati
4	13	0	13	0	9	0	6	12	150	0	100	0	160	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	Garo Hills
5	7	7	6	15	8	0	200	0	200	0	200	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	Kamrup
6	8	0	8	0	8	0	180	0	180	0	180	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	Darrang
7	10	0	10	0	8	0	80	0	80	0	100	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	Newgong
8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	Silvazar	
9	12	0	12	0	12	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	Lakhimpur
10	8	0	8	0	8	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	Khasi & Jaintia Hills
11	...	5	0	120	0	Naga Hills	
12	19	0	19	0	18	6	160	0	200	0	180	0	10	8	10	8	9	0	9	0	Dehra Dun
13	19	14	19	14	24	13	129	0	129	0	147	8	10	3	10	8	10	0	0	Saharanpur	
14	20	4	10	12	21	0	182	0	182	0	132	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	Muzaffarnagar
15	21	0	22	0	20	8	100	0	100	0	90	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	Mirzapur
16	23	10	24	0	22	0	140	0	140	0	120	0	Bulandshahar	
17	10	8	21	8	19	0	140	0	140	0	140	0	10	8	11	0	11	0	11	0	Ajigach
18	12	0	12	0	10	0	160	0	200	0	160	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	Kumman
19	12	0	12	0	6	0	120	0	200	0	160	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	Garhwali
20	15	14	19	2	20	0	135	0	135	0	135	0	Bijnor	
21	20	10	20	10	19	0	120	0	192	0	120	0	10	8	10	3	10	0	10	0	Mondabad
22	20	6	20	11	21	0	192	0	192	0	120	0	10	8	10	0	10	0	10	0	Bardhaman
23	18	12	18	2	18	8	137	8	137	8	135	0	10	8	10	0	10	0	10	0	Shallopahar
24	18	8	23	6	21	0	120	0	120	0	160	0	10	8	10	0	10	0	10	0	Turdih Pergunnah
25	18	4	19	4	22	8	120	0	120	0	120	0	10	8	10	0	10	0	10	0	Mattra
26	18	6	20	8	18	8	100	0	100	0	80	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Agra
27	19	8	19	0	18	0	160	0	160	0	160	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	Farukhabad
28	18	12	18	4	18	12	150	0	160	0	160	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	Mainpuri
29	18	0	18	4	18	0	160	0	160	0	160	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	Bawali
30	18	8	19	8	17	0	140	0	140	0	120	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Jalpa
31	18	0	23	0	25	0	120	0	200	0	200	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Jhansi
32	20	0	26	14	25	0	200	0	200	0	160	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Lalitpur
33	18	0	23	0	25	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Cawnpore
34	21	0	23	0	25	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Patehpur
35	21	0	21	0	21	0	120	0	120	0	120	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	Banda
36	21	11	20	14	23	10	140	0	140	0	140	0	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4</																						

Prices Current of Bond-grains through

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

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India for the 1st half of March 1881—continued.

EXERS OF 80 TOLARS.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

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India for the 1st half of March 1881—concluded.

SEERS OF SO TOLANS.

T. C. HOPE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENTS OF PRICES CURRENT OF FOOD.GRAINS FOR THE 2ND HALF OF JANUARY AND 1ST AND 2ND HALVES OF FEBRUARY 1881,
PUBLISHED IN PAGES 228, 229, 294, 295, 374 AND 375, OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE "GAZETTE OF INDIA," DATED 26TH FEBRUARY, 19TH MARCH AND 2ND
APRIL 1881.

TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COFFEE															
Taxes on the Production of Coffee		Taxes on the Production of Tea		Taxes on the Production of Opium		Taxes on the Production of Indigo		Taxes on the Production of Cotton		Taxes on the Production of Jute		Taxes on the Production of Linen		Taxes on the Production of Silk	
Division	Town	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
Rangoon (town)	9 0 11 2 8 8	12	6 12	2 15	0 16	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Myitkyina	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 10	2 17	1 17	1 16	0	11	0 12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bassein	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 13	6 15	1 11	2	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Henzada	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 12	4 10	5 15	1 2 12	3	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Tumrawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 15	6 15	1 6	0	12	9 12	9 12	7	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone	9 8 9 8 6	12	9 12	9 12	2 15	2 16	3	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thatbyintyo	9 10 9 10 6	12	9 10	6	3 14	0 14	0 13	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF TEA															
Moulmein (town)	10 0 10 0 7 6	10	0 10	0	13	0 12	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amarapura	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	0	9 16	0 15	0 12	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Tavoy	10 0 10 0 7 6	11	7 11	7 11	0 16	0 16	0 15	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Monzoni	10 0 10 0 7 6	15	8 16	7 14	0 16	0 15	0 12	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Sittwe	9 8 9 8 6	11	3 11	3 11	0 14	0 14	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Toongoo	9 10 9 10 6	16	8 15	8 13	1 2 17	1 2 17	1 1 17	1 1 16	8	10	0 10	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF OPUM															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	16	0 15	0 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	19	0 18	0 20	0 20	0 19	0 19	0 18	0 17	0 17	0 17	0 17	0 17	0 17	0 17
Nampanway	10 0 10 0 7 6	29	0 23	0 19	4 32	0 32	0 11	0 9	0 11	0 11	0 11	0 11	0 11	0 11	0 11
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF INDIGO															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	6 11	5 13	7 13	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	4 12	4 11	5 15	1 2 10	1 2 9	5	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Tharrawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	15	16	0	5 9	1 2	9	1 2	7	1 1	0	0	0	0
Htun	9 8 9 8 6	12	9 12	9 12	0 15	2 15	2 15	6	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0
Iha-yut-kyo	9 10 9 10 6	12	9 10	9 10	0 14	0 13	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COTTON															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	10	0 10	0	12	0 12	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF JUTE															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF LINEN															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF SILK															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	10	0 10	0	12	0 12	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF TEA															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COFFEE															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF TEA															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COFFEE															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COFFEE															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laypyae	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES ON THE PRODUCTION OF COFFEE															
Hanthawaddy	10 0 10 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14	0	10	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pyone (town)	9 6 9 0 7 6	12	6 12	2 15	0 15	0 14									

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR
THE WEEK ENDING THE 5th APRIL 1881.

GENERAL REMARKS.—During the week rain was general in the Madras Presidency, moderate in Mysore and Coorg, and heavy in Assam. From other Provinces and States only slight and partial showers are reported. The spring harvest has now been nearly gathered in most parts of the country, generally with good results, except on unirrigated lands in some districts of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh. Agricultural prospects promise well; and ploughing for the new season has begun in Southern India and in Bengal. Small-pox is reported from several districts in Northern India and British Burma, and from two of the Central India States; but the health of the people continues, on the whole, good.

Residency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—(April 6th)		
Bellary	... 43 (average of six stations).	Standing crops generally good; harvest dry crops, cutterm average; paddy, sugarcane, and indigo being sown; fever in parts.
Kurnool	... 1-22 (average of five stations).	Harvest, cutterm yield about average; cattle-disease in parts; fodder and water procurable.
Ganjam	... 1-08 (average of fifteen stations).	Standing crops, wet and dry, flourishing; harvest dry crops, yield poor.
Kistna	... 78 (average of ten stations).	Later dry crops good; fever in parts.
Chingleput (Madras)	... 05 (one station)	Crops generally good; harvest paddy, cutterm below average; ploughing operations for new season progressing; fever, small-pox, and cattle-disease in parts.
Coimbatore	... 57 (average of nine stations).	Crops generally fair; harvest paddy and dry crops, yield about average; fever in parts.
Tanjore	... 86 (average of seven stations).	Crops generally good; harvest paddy and dry crops, yield below average.
Madura		Harvest paddy, cutterm average.
Malabar	... 76 (one station)	Preparations for first crop, new season, progressing; small-pox in parts.
Travancore	... 82	Ploughing going on in parts; fever and small-pox prevalent. <i>General Remarks.</i> —No rain in Tanjore; general prospects good.
Bombay—(April 6th)		
Karwar	... 0000	River at Kotri on 4th, 8 feet 2 inches, same as last year; small-pox in Belwan 5 cases, in Dala 14, in Bakro 1, in Kharachan 1 from case on 8th, making a total of 15, of which 5 died; fever generally prevalent; cattle-disease in 2 talukas; wheat, red rice, and bajri in Kurnool 11, 16 and 16, in Sukro 7, 18 and 20, in Guntur 10, 18 and 20, in Sholapur 9, 20 and 20, in Jatli 8 and 10, and in Sujawad 15 and 20 were respectively.
Hyderabad	... 0000	Reaping of rabi crops commenced; fever in 3 and small-pox in 5 talukas; cattle-disease in Mirpur; weather seasonable; river rising; wheat 11, bajri 10, jowari 18, red rice 13, and white rice 81 seers per rupee.
Ahmedabad	... 0000	Rabi harvest continues; public health good; wheat 27 and bajri 54 lbs.
Boroda	... 0000	Weather occasionally cloudy; harvesting of rabi continues; sugarcane planting begun in Karri division; health generally good; cattle-disease in 1 taluka of Southern division and 3 of Northern; bajri 41 and common rice 20 lbs. per rupee.
Surat	... 0000	Rabi nearly harvested; fever in 3 talukas; jowari 46 and sangi 64 lbs.
Nasik	... 0000	Weather close; rabi threshing continues; fever in 3 talukas; bajri 41, wheat 34, and jowari 43.
Colaba (Bombay)	... 0000	Average abnormal temperature 1° warm; vapour in air slightly in excess of normal; almonstr wind southerly on 30th and 31st, w. on 1st and 2nd, and northerly and strong from 3rd to 5th.
Poona	... Slight rain in Indapur and Khed.	Average price of bajri 45 and jowari 62 lbs.; in Poona bajri 46 and jowari 57 lbs.
Ahmednagar	... 08 at Nagur; 14 at Shirgonda	Cattle-disease in Nagar, Jankhedi, and Newara; bajri—maximum 72 lbs. in Jankhedi, minimum 48 in Kopergaon; jowari—maximum 36 in Jankhedi, minimum 60 in Kopergaon.
Sholapur	... 3-5 (in 6 talukas)	Rabi harvest almost completed; jowari 80-0 and bajri 65-6 lbs. per rupee.
Dharware		Rain injurious to cotton crop; rice 311 and jowari 981 lbs.; cotton picking in progress; late crops being reaped; fever in 6 and cattle-disease in 9 talukas.
Karwar	... In Mandagoli 40 on 1st and 57 on 2nd	Harvesting second crop around Karwar; planting sugarcane; plants healthy above Ghat; cattle-disease and fever subsiding; common rice in Karwar 16, in district 102 seers.
Rajkot	... 0000	Weather closely and hot; measles and fever prevalent in some parts; bajri 46 and jowari 56 lbs. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Slight rain in Khandesh and Southern Mahatta Country; weather generally close; rabi harvest approaching completion.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal—(April 5th)		
Chittagong . . .	1·11	Strong southerly gales; good rain has fallen, more wanted for Cox's Bazar; condition of crops fair; small-pox continues.
Dacca . . .	Nil	Weather hot; prospects good.
24-Pergunnah (Calcutta) . . .	Nil	No crops on ground; ploughing for early rice going on; a few cases of cholera at Hulda, Dham, Barrackpore, and Thamset, and several at Sanktala.
Moorshedabad . . .	Nil	State and prospects of crops good; ploughing for early rice going on; cholera broken out in certain districts, but no dearth; small-pox in Sanktala.
Rajahmundry . . .	1·36	Weather hot and clear; outturn of rabi about ten acres; land being prepared for early and late rice; cotton and jute being sown; kora dhas thriving; rice sells at 30 seers per rupee.
Baridhara . . .	Nil	Weather very hot; ploughing and manuring going on; cholera very bad in Culna.
Ranipore . . .	0·8	Weather cool; crops and health good.
Raijgurpur . . .	Nil	Rabi crops harvested, outturn below average; small-pox still prevalent.
Dumka . . .	Nil	Sowing of bhandol in progress; health fair; rivers low.
Petra . . .	Nil	Rabi being cut, outturn good.
Darbhanga . . .	1·2	Harvest of rabi nearly complete; threshing going on; sugarcane, indigo, moong, pulse, and paddy benefited by rain; prices stationary; general health good.
Hazaribagh . . .	Nil	Weather seasonable; prospects of crops good; rabi harvesting still going on; mango and mango promise indifferently; food-grains cheap; cholera disappears from Hazaribagh; public health good.
Cuttack . . .	0·8	Ploughing general; cholera and small-pox still prevail. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Rain in some districts during the week; rabi harvest well advanced, results generally good; kora rice doing well; other crops lately sown thriving; sowing of indigo nearly completed; sowings of early rice, jute, moong, pulse, &c., commenced; public health generally good.
M. W. Provinces and Oudh—		
Alababad (April 6th) . . .	Nil	Weather reasonable; rabi all cut, save in some low lands; cholera, small-pox, and measles still in districts; no distress; prices with a tendency to rise; wheat 20 ¹³ / ₁₀ , barley 30 ¹³ / ₁₀ , gram 20 ¹³ / ₁₀ , coarse cleaned rice 15 ¹³ / ₁₀ , unhusked rice 25 ¹³ / ₁₀ , bajra 20 ¹³ / ₁₀ , and pita 30 ⁹ / ₁₀ seers.
Jhansi (,, 6th) . . .	2 registered in part guru Ghatotkach.	Rabi harvest nearly over, outturn good in three parganas, under average in Math pargana; supplies sufficient; wheat 25, grain 30, bajra 25; health good.
Barddily (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Weather reasonable; crops good and being cut; wheat 20, barley 31, bajra 25, common rice 15, grain 20 seers per rupee.
Partabgarh (,, 6th) . . .	....	Rabi crops are being threshed, the outturn in pargana Alchha and in some of the Gangasundari country below average; otherwise satisfactory; mango prospects very good; small-pox reports continue; wind variable.
Bitaper (,, 6th) . . .	....	Wind west; weather reasonable; harvesting proceeding, but outturn is disappointing; mango blossom damaged by late rain; health good; wheat 22 seers.
Aligarh (,, 6th) . . .	Showers in Igla; hail in Khair and Koel takhila.	Heat increasing rapidly; crops, except wheat, generally cut; indigo and elephant being sown; health good; wheat 21, barley 20, bajra 20, and grain 21 seers per rupee.
Rai Bareli (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Weather reasonable; reaping finished, except of rabi; great complaints of poorness of yield in the parts where the drought of last year was worst; migrations more numerous than they were a fortnight ago; market prospects poor, mangos average; prices stationary, with tendency to fall; gram 20, mothi 24, wheat 22, dhan 24, mohra 20, barley 27, rabi and market 20 seers.
Parahashed (,, 6th) . . .	....	Weather bright and favourable for harvesting; hail has damaged crops in several villages, otherwise outturn fair on the whole, except in unirrigated lands; prices—wheat 10 ¹⁴ / ₃₂ , barley 2 ⁹ / ₃₂ , gram 21 ⁴ / ₃₂ , bajra 27 ⁸ / ₃₂ , and rice 13 ²⁹ / ₃₂ seers.
Fyzabad (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Sugarcane sowing general; rabi threshing out, lighter than expected; rice 12 to 14 seers, prices otherwise steady; cholera in the east of district.
Lucknow (,, 6th) . . .	....	Harvesting in progress; prospects fair; cattle-disease continues; small-pox reported in Mohanlalganj and Wallabhadra talukas.
Benares (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Crops nearly all harvested, harvest plentiful; weather getting warmer; health of ruined cattle good; supplies plentiful and cheap.
Meerut (,, 6th) . . .	Showers in south of district; slight hail in Ulloorabad.	No damage; now hot, with light clouds; health good; crops splendid, ripening fast; cheapest wheat 22, barley 35, gram 24, juar 27, bajra 26, arkar 26 seers.
Moradabad (,, 6th) . . .	....	Weather reasonable; harvest being cut; prices tend to fall; barley 39 and wheat 21 seers.
Kanpur (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Cloudy; crops good; health fair; some uncertain still; prices stationary.
Agra (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	All rabi crops but wheat are cut; wheat 10, gram 22, barley 26, bajra 24, and mohra 28 seers.
Gorakhpur (,, 6th) . . .	Nil	Crops cut; yield of irrigated crops good, but of unirrigated rabi; health fair; prices stationary; wheat 21, barley 31, bajra 27, and juar 29 seers.
Norakhpur (,, 6th) . . .	Slight rain in three talukas.	Weather hot; rabi ripe for cutting; wheat 18, gram 18, barley 27, rice 10, juar 20, bajra 20, mohra 20, mukka 22, and bajra 24 seers.
Bahararpur (,, 6th) . . .	....	<i>General Remarks.</i> —Slight showers fell in parts of the provinces, with hail in Aligarh and Meerut, but there was no general rain during the week; heat increasing; except in Meerut division, the rabi is now nearly harvested; outturn from irrigated land is good, from unirrigated land is below what was expected; price steady; cholera in Fyzabad and Alababad, and small-pox continues in Alababad, Partabgarh, Lucknow, and Gorakhpur, elsewhere health good; cattle-disease continues in Lucknow and Kanpur.
Punjab—(April 6th)		
Delhi Hissar	Crops good; reaping commenced; health good. Rabi crops reaping; late rain admitted of kharif sowings; prices almost stationary; health good.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

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Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Punjab - contd.		
Umarkot	....	Crops good; health fair.
Jullundur	....	Prices steady; crops average; health good.
Lahore	....	Crops and health good.
Ferozepore	....	Crops being reaped; health fair.
Nankot	....	Crops and health good.
Rivendpindi	1·5	Crops fair; health good.
Peshawar	4	Prospects improving.
Mohmand	....	Crops very good; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan	6	Prospects good; prices high; health good. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Agricultural prospects good throughout the province.
Central Provinces—		
Nagpur (April 6th)	....	Cloudy, hot in the evenings; <i>rabi</i> harvest completed; health good; prices slightly risen.
Jublnpore ( " )	....	Clear and cool; harvesting continues, outturn above average; health good.
Singor	....	Report not received.
Sonai (April 6th)	....	Very cool, cloudy, causing anxiety about rain.
Hochhangabad ( " )	....	Occasionally cloudy; harvesting continues; few cases of small-pox reported.
Kalipur (" 2nd)	10	Warm; <i>rabi</i> harvest almost completed; cholera reported; cattle-disease prevalent; prices steady.
Bamhalpur (Mar. 31st)	88	Cool, with occasional showers; cholera reported; rice 42 seers. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Weather generally cloudy and warm; heavy rain in Chanda, slight showers in several other districts; <i>rabi</i> harvesting continues, good outturn expected; damage caused by rain has been light; cholera reported in Kalipur and Bamhalpur, elsewhere public health good; prices steady.
British Burma— (April 6th)		
Akyab	....	Small-pox continues in town, but is not spreading, otherwise public health good; slight cattle-disease in one township.
Rangoon	....	Small-pox continues, otherwise public health good.
Bassein	Nil	Total rainfall 02 inches; a few cases of small-pox in town, otherwise public health good.
Prome	....	Total rainfall 13 inches; public health fair.
Amarapost (Moulmein)	09	A few cases of cholera, otherwise public health good.
Toungoo	Nil	Total rainfall 15 inches; public health good. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Small-pox continues in Arakan and Pegu; a few cases of cholera in Pegu and Tenasserim, otherwise public health good.
Assam—(April 6th)—		
Gauhati	....	Weather reasonable and cool; <i>assam</i> sowing in progress; prospects of crop good.
Nylakot	2·96	Ploughing for <i>assam</i> paddy proceeding; river has risen 15 feet in a few hours; <i>baro</i> paddy in danger; cholera about.
Carhar	61	Weather cloudy; cattle-disease abated, 4,082 deaths reported to date; cultivation of <i>assam</i> crop continues; common rice 20 seers per rupee; health good.
Dibrugarh	Occasional showers	Weather amenable; sugarcane cultivation commenced; small-pox reported from Nort. Lakhimpur.
Mysore and Coorg— (April 6th)		
Bangalore	38	Standing crops in good condition; prospects favourable; tanks in Kolar district drying up; fever and cattle-disease still prevalent; prices fluctuating; coffee blossomed in Coorg.
Mysore	1·85	
Merara	67	
Berar & Hyderabad— (April 6th)		
Amenadi	....	Weather cloudy; harvest finished; wheat 20 and <i>jowari</i> 33 seers.
Akola	....	No crops standing; weather hot and cloudy.
Hyderabad	65	Rain damaging to some extent; <i>rabi</i> crops reaped; <i>rabi</i> crops still being weeded; general health fair, except in one taluka; prices—coarse rice 10t, wheat 15, white <i>jowari</i> 20, yellow <i>jowari</i> 21, <i>bajra</i> 22, grain 22, and for 32 seers per current rupee.
Central India States— (April 6th)		
Istora	....	Weather reasonable; health good; prospects favourable.
Morar (Gwalior)	....	Weather growing hot; prospects unaltered; health good.
Sutna	....	Weather hot; cholera abating.
Bitlam	....	Report not received.
Kreuch	....	A few cases of small-pox reported, but outbreak is abating.
Gorak	....	Health and crops good.
Bhogal	99	Weather cloudy; hail damaged opium crops in some places; health good.
Agar	....	Health and crops good.
Niwpong	67	Health fair.
Maupur	....	Weather getting warm; small-pox prevalent.
Rajputana—		
Abu	(April 6th)	Occasionally cloudy and windy; cool and fresh.
Sirohi	{ " 2nd)	All small tanks dry, wells fairly full; health good; warm.
Marwar	{ " 1st)	Tanks empty, wells covered up; fever and cough prevail to some extent; crops good; chilly and windy; <i>rabi</i> being harvested; prices falling.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1881.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Rajputana—contd.		
Mewar (April 1st)	8	Tanks, wells, health, and crops good; opium slightly injured by rain.
Haruwaroo (" 2nd)	4 in Deoli; 18 in Tonk; and during previous fortnight 71 in Shahpura.	Weather still stormy; small-pox prevalent; crops suffered much in parts far back.
Jhalawar	....	Report not received.
Ajmero	....	Seasonable; health good.
Jaipur	....	Harvesting progressing favourably; prices firm; health good.
Bharipore	....	Report not received.
Ujjwar (April 6th)	Slight rain in parts	Cattle-disease decreasing; clear, hotter now.

C. GRANT,
Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 12th APRIL 1881.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The reports disclose no material change since last week. The general health fair, though small-pox still continues in parts of Northern and Central India and British Burma, and is also more or less prevalent in places in Bengal and Assam. In the Cachar district of the last-named province cattle-disease has again increased. There was more or less rain in parts of British Burma, in Assam, and in many districts of Western and Southern India. Elsewhere the dry weather prevailed for the most part, though there were a few showers here and there. In Bengal and the Central Provinces the harvest has been good, and in other parts of the country, with few exceptions, average, or in some cases a full, yield has been obtained, or is expected.

Agency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—(April 13th)		
Bellary	28 (average three stations).	Standing crops generally good; harvest dry crops in parts, yield average; paddy, sugarcane and indigo being sown; fever in parts.
Kurnool	10 (one station)	Harvest cotton, outturn about average; cattle-disease in parts.
Ganjam	13 (one station)	Standing crops, wet and dry, flourishing.
Ettina	....	Late dry crops good; harvest castor and cotton.
Chingleput (Madras)	....	Crops generally good; ploughing operations for new season progressing; fever, small-pox, and cattle-diseases in parts.
Coimbatore	....	Crops generally good; harvest paddy and dry crops, outturn about average; fever in parts.
Tanjore	41 (average three stations).	Crops good; harvest paddy and dry crops, outturn below average.
Madura	....	Harvest paddy in parts, yield average.
Malabar	33 (average two stations).	Preparations for first crops, new season, progressing; small-pox and cattle-disease in parts; pasture scanty.
Travancore	77 ²	Fever and small-pox prevail. <i>General Remarks.</i> —No rain in Ettina, Chingleput, Tanjore, and Coimbatore; general prospects good.
Bombay—(April 18th)		
Kurrachee	Heavy showers since Monday.	Rain was accompanied by thunder and lightning; no signs of weather clearing; strong easterly wind; river at Kotri on 11th 3 feet, against 34 feet on same date last year; small-pox in Sehwan 7 cases, in Dauli 8, in Manjhaind 1; incidence in three talukas; wheat, red rice, and bajri in Korrachee 11, 16 and 16, in Dauli 12, 13 and 14, in Sehwan 12, 16 and 17, and in Manjhaind 14, 17 and 17½ seers per rupee respectively.
Hyderabad	8·40 at Hyderabad since evening of 11th.	Rabi harvesting has commenced; small-pox and fever in five and cattle-disease in three talukas; river rising; wheat 11, bajri 10, jowari 18, red rice 13, and white rice 8½ seers.
Ahmedabad	....	No report.
Bardia	....	Reaping of rabi nearly finished; public health good; cattle-disease continues in parts of Kari division; bajri 4½ and common rice 27 lbs. per rupee.
Guru	....	Rabi mostly harvested; fever in four talukas; jowari 45 and wheat 50 lbs.
Musik	....	Rabi threshing continued; fever in three talukas; rain caused little damage to khanda crops; bajri 41, wheat 34, and jowari 53.
Colaba (Bombay)	A few drops on 10th.	Abnormal temperature rose from 3° warm on 6th to 4° warm on 7th, and then fell to 5° on 12th; vapour in air in excess of normal from 6th to 10th, in defect of normal on 11th and 12th; abnormal wind northerly, strong on 10th and 11th; lightning on 6th and 8th. Average prices of bajri 45 and jowari 63 lbs.; in Poona, bajri 40 and jowari 57 lbs.; rain was accompanied by hail-storm in Poona and parts of district. Cattle-disease in Jamkhedi and Nerkas; bajri—maximum 72 lbs. in Jamkhedi, minimum 54 in Gangamner; jowari—maximum 86 in Jamkhedi, minimum 72 in Nagar.
Poona	Rain in Poona and parts of district.	Khanda harvest completed; cattle-disease in parts of Malatra taluka; jowari 81-9 and bajri 63-7 lbs.
Ahmednagar	Showers at Nagar and in the north.	Rain injuries to crops; rice 80 and jowari 102 lbs.; late crops being harvested; cotton picking in progress; fever in six and cattle-disease in nine talukas.
Nasik	23	Khanda harvest completed; cattle-disease in parts of Malatra taluka; jowari 81-9 and bajri 63-7 lbs.
Dharwar	5·6 in six talukas; heavy rain in Alladgi and Bankapur.	Rain injuries to crops; rice 80 and jowari 102 lbs.; late crops being harvested; cotton picking in progress; fever in six and cattle-disease in nine talukas.
Kanara	20 in Mundgod; 40 in Supa Deta; 1·34 in Hattiyal.	Harvesting of second crop of rice on coast; cattle-disease subsiding; fever prevails above Ghat; weather hot; rice and cotton in Karwar 16, in district 16½ seers.
Majest	Rain with hail-stones.	Weather hot and cloudy; fever prevalent; bajri 46 and jowari 68 lbs.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Rain in most parts of Presidency, heavy in Dharwar and Kaladgi; prices steady, tending slightly upwards in parts of Gujarat.		

Remarks.—On page 279 of the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* of the 2nd instant, in the rainfall column opposite Ganjam, for "113" read "80."

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal—(April 12th)		
Chittagong	... -62	Weather windy but warm; prospects of crops good; small-pox and cattle-disease still reported; prices stationary.
Dacca	... 79	Weather hot, but favourable for agriculture.
24-Pergunnahs (Calcutta)	Nil	No crops on the ground; lands being ploughed; cholera at Bokhira; health in rest of district fair.
Moorshedabad	...	Report not received.
Rajahmundry	...	Weather very hot; rabi crops still being harvested; boro paddy promises well; land being prepared for paddy, jute, and til crops, and in some places sowing has commenced; cholera prevalent, and fever is also reported.
Burdwan	Nil	Weather hot and dry; nothing deserving of note regarding crops; several cases of cholera.
Ranipore Bhagalpur	Nil	Report not received. Lands being prepared for bhadoi sowings; small-pox in Bhagalpur, Cossimbazar, and Jhansi.
Purneah	Nil	Bhadoi cultivation well forward; winter crop has given an outturn above average; health fair; some fever and cholera; rivers very low.
Patna Darbhanga	Nil	Rabi being harvested, outturn good. Strong west wind; rabi harvest nearly complete; prices stationary; general health good.
Hazaribagh	Nil	Weather hot and seasonable; prospects of crops good; rabi being harvested; maize being gathered, outturn ten annas on average; mango almost wholly destroyed; ploughing commenced; price of food-grains cheap; cattle-diseases, small-pox, and cholera appeared in Banura Kharobha and Kodermua, otherwise public health good.
Cuttack	Nil	Weather very hot; ploughing in progress; cholera and small-pox still prevalent. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Rain in a few districts during week; rabi harvest still continues, result generally good; boro rice promising; other minor crops largely sown doing well; sowing of early rice, jute, moong, pulse, &c., progressing; land being prepared for the later crops; public health generally good, though cholera and small-pox reported from places.
N. W. Provinces and Oudh—		
Benares (April 12th)	Nil	Hot west winds; harvest gathered; sugarcane planting commenced; health good; supplies plentiful; prices stationary.
Allahabad ( " " )	....	Weather seasonable and dry; rabi all cut; slight cholera and measles; no disease; prices rising; wheat 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 29, gram 28, coarse cleaned rice 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, unhusked rice 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, bajra 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, and peat 29 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
Jhansi ( " " )	....	Crops being threshed; supplies sufficient; health generally good; cattle-disease continues, but in a mild form; prices have risen slightly; wheat 24, gram 29, bajra 28 seers.
Agra (" ")	Nil	All rabi crops are cut; wheat 10, gram 22, barley 26, bajra 24, makka 28 seers.
Barddily ( " " )	....	Weather seasonable; crops good and being cut; wheat 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, bajra 28, common rice 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, gram 23 seers per rupee.
Meerut (" ")	Overcast; showers in north of district on 10th and sprinkling here.	Strong coolish west winds; seasonable weather for harvest; rain much needed; wheat and barley being cut; heavy yield, good quality; grain slightly injured by weevils in places; health good; cheapest wheat 22, barley 31, gram 24, bajra 26, jauar 27 seers.
Lucknow (" ")	Nil	High west winds; rabi grain coming into the markets; cattle-disease prevalent.
Partabgarh (" 12th )	....	Heat increasing; mornings cool; small-pox reports as last week; new sugarcane is being sown; threshing of rabi crops continues.
Sitapur (" 12th)	Nil	Weather seasonable; rabi outturn poor; health good; wheat 22, barley 34, gram 27 seers.
Rao Bareli (" 12th)	Nil	Weather unsettled; no general distress, but poorer cultivators show signs of breaking down soon; crime normal; rabi outturn balancing good against bad, seems about ten annas, taking sixteen annas as a good average crop; cattle-disease in taluk Dighiajairunge; prices rising for gram and arhar; gram 19 $\frac{1}{2}$, wheat and makki 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, dhan 24 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, arhar 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, makai 30 seers.
Aigarh (" 12th)	Nil	Weather hot; crops almost all cut; iodine being sown; health good; wheat 21, barley 29, and gram 22 seers per rupee.
Cawnpore (" ")	Nil	Outturn of irrigated crops good; health fair; small-pox continues; prices stationary; wheat 21, barley 30, bajra 27, jauar 30 seers.
Gorakhpur (" ")	Nil	Weather hot; strong winds; rabi harvest almost cut; threshing going on; slight change in prices; markets well supplied; health good; small-pox still here and there in two taluks; wheat 27, barley 60, gram 41, and unhusked rice 41 seers.
Fyzabad Baharunpur (" ")	Nil	Winds westerly and high; prices fallen; wheat 20 to 21 and rice 13 to 15 seers. Sky cloudy; crops being cut in places; wheat 19, gram 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, rice 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, jauar 24 $\frac{1}{2}$, bajra 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, urad 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, makki 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, and beskar 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
Varanahash ( " " )	....	Weather often cloudy, with westerly winds; harvest almost ended, outturn moderate; sugarcane planting commenced; prices—wheat 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, gram 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, bajra 80, and rice 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
Kumam (" ")	Showers	Weather cloudy; crops good; health fair; fever in Kal Kumaon, and also murrain and footrot; prices stationary.
Moradabad (" ")	Nil	Weather cloudy; about two-thirds of harvest have been cut; variation in prices, unimportant.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —With the exception of slight showers in Meerut and Kumam, no rain has fallen during the week; the hot west winds have set in generally; prices rising in Allahabad and Jhansi, elsewhere stationary; small-pox continues in Gorakhpur, Partabgarh, and Cawnpore; slight cholera and measles in Allahabad and fever in Kumam, otherwise health fair; cattle-disease in Kumam, Lucknow, and Rao Bareli, and in a mild form in Jhansi.		
Punjab—(April 12th)		
Delhi Hissar Unbaila	....	Prospects and health good; reaping in progress. Rabi crop being harvested; slight fall in prices; health good. Rabi crops being harvested, yield good; health fair.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Punjab—contd.		
Jullundur	.....	Crops average; prices steady; health good.
Lahore	Slight rain	Crops and health good.
Ferozepore	.....	Crops being raised; health fair.
Sialkot	7	Prospects and health good.
Rawalpindi	5	Rabi crops average; health good.
Peshawar	2	Harvest prospects improving.
Multan	.....	Crops very favourable; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan	4	Prices high; health good.
		<i>General Remarks.</i> —Agricultural prospects fair throughout the province.
Central Provinces—		
Nagpur (April 18th)	.....	Cloudy and cool; harvesting completed, outturn fair; health good; prices stationary.
Jubbulpore { " "	.....	Clear and cool; harvesting nearly completed, outturn very good; health good.
Baigar { " "	6	Cloudy; harvesting continues; cholera reported; prices falling.
Boni { " "	.....	Cloudy; cutting and threshing in progress; prices falling.
Hoshangabad { " "	.....	Cloudy and cool; harvesting continues; few cases of small-pox; rice 13 annas.
Raipur { " "	.....	Warm; threshing wheat in progress; few cases of cattle-disease and small-pox; rice 85 annas.
Sambalpur (" 7th)	.....	Warm; cholera reported; rice 63 annas.
		<i>General Remarks.</i> —Weather cloudy and warm; rabi harvesting almost completed, very good outturn expected; cholera prevalent in parts of Baigar and Sambalpur, and small-pox in Narasinghpur, Balaghat, and Itaipur; elsewhere public health good; prices easy.
Burman Burma—		
(April 9th)		
Akyab	.....	Small-pox continues in town, otherwise public health good; slight cattle-disease in one township.
Rangoon	.....	Small-pox continues, otherwise public health good.
Bassein	Nil	Total rainfall .02 inch; no deaths from small-pox in town; a few cases of cholera and small-pox in district, otherwise public health good.
Pyene	07	Total rainfall .20 inch; public health good.
Amherst (Moulmein)	15	A few cases of cholera in Moulmein, otherwise public health good.
Toungoo	01	Total rainfall .16 inch; public health good.
		<i>General Remarks.</i> —Still some small-pox and cholera, otherwise public health good; slight cattle-disease.
Assam—(April 19th)—		
Gauhati	2.41	Weather getting hot; sowing of <i>ass</i> in progress.
Sylhet	2.15	Cultivation proceeding rapidly; river very high; bura paddy in danger; tea injured by hail-storms; cholera and small-pox about.
Cachar	18.59	Weather stormy, with heavy showers; cattle-disease increased, 257 deaths reported to date; cultivation of <i>ass</i> crop in progress, slight damage done to the crop by sudden flood; common rice 20 annas; small-pox reported from suburbs of station; health good.
Dibrugarh	4.13	Weather reasonable; sugarcane cultivation continues; prospects of <i>ass</i> good; small-pox in North Lakhimpur.
Mysore and Coorg—		
(April 18th)		
Coorg	44	Kaisanki crop prospects good; more rain wanted for coffee.
Mysore	.....	Kaisanki paddy crop withering in parts of Kolar district, elsewhere crops in good condition; prospects favourable; fever prevalent, also small-pox in parts; prices generally stationary.
Berar & Hyderabad—		
(April 16th)		
Amravati	.....	Weather warm and clear; wheat 20 and jowar 33 annas.
Akola	.....	Weather warm; land is being ploughed up.
Hyderabad	42	Rabi crops prospering except in places where water has fallen short in tanks; no sickness, except in one taluka where fever prevalent; prices—common rice 10½, wheat 16, white jowar 23, and yellow jowar 25 annas per current zoda cupper.
Central India States—		
(April 18th)		
Indore	.....	No change since last report.
Morar (Osvalior)	.....	Weather reasonable; health good; prospects unaltered.
Sutro	.....	Weather hot; cholera decreasing.
Rudrapur	.....	Report not received.
Neemuch	.....	No rain; no more cases small-pox.
Gaona	.....	Health and crops good.
Dhropoli	.....	Weather cloudy; prospects of crops good, except opium, which is damaged by rain and hail; small-pox reported in some districts.
Ajmer	.....	Report not received.
Newgong	.....	Report not received.
Manpur	.....	Weather cloudy; opium crops three-fourths of usual average; two deaths from small-pox.
Rajputana—		
Abu	25	Stormy and cloudy; cool and fresh.
Sirohee (April 18th)	.....	Tanks and wells good; health good; cloudy.
" 10th)	.....

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Rajputana—contd.		
Marwar	(April 5th)	Showers in district
Mewar	.....	Tanks quite empty; well water going down deeper; health good; crops being harvested; cloudy; unusually warm; prices falling slowly.
Hanswadeo	(April 9th)	.....
Jhalawar	.....	Tanks, wells, crops, and health good; cloudy.
Ajmere	.....	Dust-storms with very high winds; much cooler; small-pox still prevalent.
Jaipore	24	Report not received.
Ujjain	.....	Cloudy, storms; health good.
Bharatpore	.....	Crops nearly harvested, irrigated outturn full average; unirrigated much less favorable; prices firm; health good.
Ujjain	.....	Report not received.
Bikaner	.....	Report not received.

C. GRANT,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

*Supplement to the Gazette of India
published this day, 16th instant, follows*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 & 25 Vic., cap. 67.

The Council met at Government House, Simla, on Wednesday, the 13th April, 1881.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, K.G., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., presiding.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, G.C.B.

The Hon'ble Whitley Stokes, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Rivers Thompson, C.S.I., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble J. Gibbs, C.S.I., C.I.E.

Major the Hon'ble E. Baring, R.A., C.S.I.

Colonel the Hon'ble G. T. Chesney, R.E.

The Hon'ble C. Grant.

INDIAN PAPER CURRENCY ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. STOKES moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1871. He said that there was at present no paper currency which was a legal-tender in Burma. Notes of the Calcutta Circle were used to a limited extent in the chief towns, and occasionally notes of other circles were used, but there was no circle of issue in Burma. Great inconvenience had been felt by the mercantile classes in Burma from this want ; and in the year 1872 the question of establishing a circle of issue in that Province was before the Government of India. The Indian Paper Currency Act of 1871, however, rendered it necessary to declare every town (other than Calcutta, Madras or Bombay) in which there was an office of issue to be, for the purposes of the Act, situate within some Presidency. Had, therefore, a circle of issue been established in Burma, it would have been necessary to declare the place of issue to be situate within one of the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay. The result would have been that, under section 9 of the Act, the notes of the Burma Circle would have been payable at the office or offices of issue in Burma, and also at the Presidency-town of the Presidency (probably Fort William) within which the town of issue had been declared, for the purposes of the Act, to be situate. Now the nature of the commercial transactions between Burma and India was such that, under those circumstances, it would have been unwise to establish a circle of issue in Burma. At particular periods of the year large remittances of money were made between Calcutta and Rangoon ; the average yearly import of gold and silver into British Burma between 1873 and 1878 was Rs. 1,48,51,630. The average export was Rs. 34,26,078. With the exception of an insignificant fraction, these transactions were with India, and the great bulk of them with Calcutta ; and if the Burmese notes were payable at Calcutta, the Government might be put to considerable inconvenience and expense in providing cash to meet the notes. The question was accordingly allowed to remain in abeyance.

The rapid increase of the trade of Burma had again caused the question to be brought before the Government of India. The best authorities were agreed that Burma could no longer do without a paper currency, but that the Burmese notes should be payable only at the office of issue and not at any Presidency-town. The public would thus enjoy most of the conveniences of a paper currency : the undertaking would probably prove a financial success ; while the Government would not be obliged to undertake the exchange business of British Burma.

The amendments in the Paper Currency Act proposed in the Bill had for their objects—first, to create a Commissioner of the Department of Issue at Rangoon; secondly, to make the towns of issue in Burma independent of the Presidencies; and, thirdly, to render the paper issued at any town in Burma payable only at the office of issue.

Although the notes would be compulsorily payable only at their respective offices of issue, the same accommodation would of course be given at all treasuries to holders of notes as is given in India. Treasuries would, he presumed, receive all notes in payment of any Government demand, and would cash all notes when convenient. Travellers also would, he supposed, usually be accommodated. The Deputy Accountant General, British Burma, thought that the Burmese would readily accept a paper currency in substitution of a silver currency alone, for the latter had many drawbacks—such as cumbrousness and the difficulty, expense and sometimes danger, of conveying coin from place to place. The Agent of the Chartered Mercantile Bank concurred, grounding his opinion on the fact that the Burmese were comparatively wealthy, and were a spending, not a hoarding people. The money they received so largely for their produce was largely spent at a later period of the year: they held it for a short time only: they would therefore soon learn to appreciate the advantage of having it in a light and portable form.

Major the Hon'ble E. BARING said that he had nothing to add to the remarks made by the Hon'ble Mr. Stokes. It appeared to him that the Bill was a desirable one; and he presumed that it would now be published in the Government of India and the Local Government Gazettes, and that we should thus have an opportunity of learning what were the views of the public regarding it.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes explained that the publication of the Bill would take place in the usual course after it had been introduced at the next meeting of the Council.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

SINDH INCUMBERED ESTATES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. GIBBS moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the Sindh Incumbered Estates Act, 1876. He said that his observations on this motion would also apply to the subsequent motion, which stood in his name, for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the Broach and Kaira Incumbered Estates Act, 1877. The Council would be aware that in 1876 an Act was passed called the Sindh Incumbered Estates Act, and that in 1877 a similar Act was passed to enable the Government to arrange the debts of Taluqdars of the Broach and Kaira districts. Both of those Acts were, more or less, founded on a previous Act passed by the Bombay Council in 1862 for the Ahmadabad Taluqdars. The working of that Act had been found to be beneficial; the necessities of the Taluqdars in Kaira, Broach as well as in Ahmadabad, and also of the zamindars in Sindh, required some extraordinary provisions to be made in order to clear them of their debts, and for that purpose those Acts were passed and became Acts Nos. XIV of 1876 and 1877. In the practical working of these Acts, which was under the charge of an officer called the manager, it was found that, while Government advanced money to pay off creditors, there was a considerable amount of difficulty and unnecessary trouble caused by the Government taking a special mortgage in every case for the money thus advanced; and it was pointed out by the Government of Bombay that "the legislature did not, it would seem, contemplate when those enactments were passed that Government might find it expedient to advance money on the security of the estate at a fair rate of interest in order to enable the manager to compromise and discharge at once some or all of the debts due to private creditors. Had this been contemplated, it is probable that some provision would have been inserted, both allowing this arrangement and directing that the management should continue under the Acts until the debt so incurred to Government is paid off. This, in the opinion of this Government, is the nature of the amendment which is now necessary."

To effect this, a correspondence took place between the Governments of India and Bombay; and the result had been that the Legislative Department had prepared those two short amending Bills.

The money which had hitherto been borrowed had been regarded as a liability incurred to Government in respect of the property under management, within the meaning of section 10 of the Act. This view, however, was based on an erroneous conception of the law; and, as the Act stood now, the only way to secure advances made by Government was by mortgaging the indebted estate. It was objected that as soon as the debts were paid off, the estate was released from management, and that Government would then only have the security of an ordinary mortgage for the advance. It was proposed, therefore, to amend the Act by enabling the manager to borrow money from Government, and by providing that the estate should not be released from management until the money so borrowed was repaid with interest. This would be effected by slight additions to sections 23 and 25. By other amendments the management was made to extend to the debt which might be incurred to Government by the manager borrowing money, and the manager was directed, in submitting his liquidation-scheme, to show in it the amount which he proposed to borrow from Government, and the way in which he proposed to repay it. As the management could not terminate till the whole advance was repaid, there was ample security for its repayment. That was the principal object of those two Bills.

There was also another small amendment, especially with regard to the Sindh Act, allowing a further period of six months from the passing of the present amending Act, to enable people to come in; but he was inclined to think that a similar provision would have to be made in the other Act also, and a reference would be made to the Government of Bombay on this point.

The Hon'ble Mr. RIVERS THOMPSON said that he was not sure if he had understood his hon'ble friend's remarks correctly. The correspondence to which he had referred had occurred in the Home and Revenue Department. It was understood that the advances made by Government to liquidate the debt were secured upon the estate, and that the Act provided that the managers should realize what was due to the Government. It had, however, been held by the Legislative Department that as the law stood this could not be done without a mortgage in each separate case; and, considering the number of the estates, the execution of a deed of mortgage in each would, in the opinion of the Bombay Government, increase the difficulty of management very much. Was it to do away with that necessity that the amendment of the Act was intended?

The Hon'ble Mr. GIBBS said that that was one of the objects of the measure.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BROACH AND KAIRA INCUMBERED ESTATES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. GIBBS also moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the Broach and Kaira Incumbered Estates Act, 1877.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

EXCISE BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. STOKES moved for leave to introduce a Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Excise-revenue in Northern India, British Burma and Coorg. He said that the Bill was, in the main, a re-enactment of the Excise Act, 1871, in a shorter and, it was believed, a clearer form.

His Excellency THE PRESIDENT enquired if the Bill repealed the whole of the Excise Act.

The Hon'ble Mr. STOKES replied that a part of the Act was already repealed by the Opium Act, and that the Bill repealed the rest of it.

The Hon'ble Mr. STOKES continued:—The only substantial changes of importance which the Bill introduced were two, a greater restriction in regard to ganja and other intoxicating products of the Indian hemp plant, especially in British Burma; and an enhancement of the penalties for certain breaches of the Excise-law. As regards the former, the amendment of the law proposed for British Burma would practically amount to a prohibition of the use of these intoxicating drugs, except for medicinal purposes, in that Province. This was advocated by the Chief Commissioner on the following grounds—

His Excellency THE PRESIDENT:—"Was that Mr. Aitchison?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes :—“Both Mr. Aitchison and Mr. Bernard were in favour of the change.”

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes continued :—It was advocated on four grounds—

- (1) that these drugs, particularly ganjá, were considerably more injurious than opium ;
- (2) that at present they were unknown to the Burmese themselves, or, at any rate, had not come into use to such an extent among them that they would feel deprived of a luxury if their supply were summarily stopped ;
- (3) that such drugs were already forbidden in the Arakan Hill Tracts, and that the prohibition had worked well ; and
- (4) that they were, for the most part, used only by immigrants from India, chiefly Madrasis, and, in the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, these persons deserved no special consideration in the matter.

The alteration of the law in this particular for other Provinces was of much less importance. It consisted in the reduction of the weight of ganjá and bháng which might be sold by a retail vendor or be possessed by a private person from a quarter of a ser to five tolas, the same weight as was permitted in the case of charas. As to ganjá, it was stated by a high authority that the quantity now allowed was much greater than was necessary, considering how noxious was the drug, and how small a weight was sufficient to meet the daily requirements of an ordinary smoker. The effect of the large quantity now allowed was to encourage and facilitate smuggling and the illegal transport of the drug.

The enhancement of the penalties prescribed for offences against the Act had been advocated by certain of the Local Governments, on the ground that the persons who commonly committed such offences were unable to pay a fine, and that they did not care to be put into the civil jail—in fact, it was rather a luxury to them than otherwise; and imprisonment without hard labour was really no punishment to them at all. There was no doubt that large frauds were committed on the excise-revenue; that one of their chief causes was the lightness of the penalties attending their detection, and that, till severer penalties were prescribed, the revenue would be inadequately protected. The Bill accordingly gave power to sentence to imprisonment of either description extending to six months in lieu of, or in addition to, fine in certain cases, and in other cases substituted imprisonment in the criminal jail for imprisonment in the civil jail.

The Hon'ble Mr. Rivers Thompson said that he might mention that the cultivation of ganjá had all along been prohibited in British Burma; but, notwithstanding this prohibition, from the facility with which the drug could be smuggled into the province, frequently difficulties had arisen. It had been brought to light that, although the cultivation of ganjá did not prevail in the country, there was no penalty against the use or possession of it; and, therefore, the only way that it could be controlled was by employing the preventive officers to seize the article before it could be brought on shore, and by confiscating it. These measures were not always successful; and the fact that the drug was often smuggled into Burma by the native troops from Madras and Bengal, and that the post office even was used for delivering packets of the drug in different parts of the country, rendered it necessary that the law should be made more stringent.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

CENTRAL PROVINCES LAND-REVENUE BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. GRANT moved that the Hon'ble Mr. Thompson and the Hon'ble Major Baring be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Land-revenue and the jurisdiction of Revenue-officers in the Central Provinces.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Wednesday, the 20th April, 1881.

R. J. CROSTHWAITE,

SIMLA; } Officiating Secretary to the Government of India,
The 13th April, 1881. } Legislative Department.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Gazette of India.

No. 17. { CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1881.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. VIII of 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Latest return received.	Railways.	Receipts for week commencing 26th February 1881.			Total Receipts from 1st April 1879 to 26th February 1881.			Total Receipts from 1st April 1880 to 26th February 1881.			Total Difference in Rs. between 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mile open	Total.	Per mile open	Total.	Per mile open	Total.	Per mile open per week.		
		Ru.	Ru.	Ru.	Ru.	Ru.	Ru.	Ru.	Ru.		
26th Mar. 1881	Guansebad.										
	East Indian	9,67,043	642	8,95,125	584	3,90,55,960	547	3,87,05,805	642	6,50,145	
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	80,248	107	71,912	478	34,81,344	473	40,62,190	500	2,00,806	
Ditto	Quadrangular	85,163	150	97,31	178	36,80,651	137	40,45,395	157	4,00,844	
19th ditto	Sind, Punjab & Delhi	2,28,161	338	2,00,978	430	1,05,25,047	326	1,12,41,532	351	7,16,516	
Ditto	Madras	1,12,634	131	1,01,860	122	58,74,506	141	68,81,747	132	...	
5th ditto	South Indian	59,665	84	73,860	110	31,43,791	107	32,03,744	107	1,20,953	
26th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	6,01,091	400	6,06,623	410	2,23,46,141	384	2,33,30,757	343	0,30,616	
Ditto	Bombay, Mysore and Central India	1,71,118	385	1,85,880	419	69,83,504	287	74,08,188	302	13,21,634	
	TOTAL	22,65,423	364	23,28,511	371	9,48,17,004	318	9,75,35,268	323	20,18,304	
	State.										
26th Mar. 1881	Calcutta and South-Eastern										
	Nabhati	4,273	163	6,990	214	1,20,412	90	1,31,824	89	11,412	
18th ditto	Nabhati	1,890	70	1,429	52	82,573	64	84,422	48	...	
26th ditto	Northern Bengal	32,820	143	40,913	174	19,69,004	126	14,86,346	130	1,10,481	
19th ditto	Tirhoot	15,167	183	12,513	153	4,17,802	111	4,09,243	133	81,941	
Ditto	Patna-Gaya	7,938	140	9,336	144	(c) 0,02,011	119	4,36,050	181	1,34,089	
4th ditto	Midnapore-Hathras	2,150	74	2,106	98	1,08,966	78	1,27,083	92	18,117	
	Dhond and Meenad (e)										
19th Mar. 1881	Wardha Coal	16,844	370	6,958	221	2,82,619	132	2,12,052	99	...	
26th ditto	Nagpur & Chhattisgarh	...	...	5,514	104	...	...	(d) 1,37,390	89	1,87,460
19th ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	40,815	254	59,058	367	8,88,821	117	11,88,149	160	2,80,428	
26th ditto	Sinhal (Northern Sec.)	2,332	84	3,401	103	80,495	82	1,37,758	67	91,063	
19th ditto	Sindia (Southern Sec.)	1,448	44	8,751	114	(c) 0,01,2	24	81,292	62	73,200	
Ditto	Rajputana	1,34,976	219	1,80,156	166	34,18,453	151	30,20,790	147	5,08,277	
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section) (f)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th Mar. 1881	Holkar and Sindia										
	Nasanch	20,538	123	26,923	143	10,64,081	129	18,58,153	113	2,94,073	
12th ditto	Punjab Northern	61,979	324	1,13,953	400	18,68,303	340	83,74,707	382	15,00,303	
19th ditto	Indus Valley and Kandahar	2,11,106	516	1,20,129	187	35,00,641	144	(g) 0,28,882	200	27,30,191	
	Khammam (g)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Anurad (g)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th Mar. 1881	Nizam's	9,503	79	18,393	111	6,86,296	110	6,84,279	110	...	
26th ditto	Gawnpore-Farukhabad	...	...	6,254	61	...	...	(g) 0,01,563	36	20,463
19th ditto	Bhavnagar-Gondal	...	...	10,928	57	...	...	(g) 0,01,098	41	66,108
26th ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	696	50	...	...	(g) 0,4,579	59	14,579
Ditto	Mysore	...	...	950	27	...	...	(g) 0,00,794	28	8,004
	TOTAL	6,87,879	270	5,80,424	98	1,41,03,039	141	2,01,20,276	140	30,50,827	
	GRAND TOTAL	24,53,002	862	29,16,005	319	1,09,04,645	274	13,76,55,744	272	85,75,101	
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Net Receipts	...	...	...	...	3,50,00,048	138	5,01,07,804	137	43,11,886

(a) Included with G. I. P. Railway.

(b) Includes Cawnpore.

(c) Total receipts from 23rd April 1879 to 26th February 1880.

(d) Total receipts from 23rd April 1879 to 26th February 1881.

(e) Total receipts from 26th December 1879 to 26th February 1880.

(f) Includes receipts of the Kandahar Railway from 2nd May 1880.

(g) Total receipts from 1st December 1880 to 26th February 1881.

(h) Total receipts from 20th December 1880 to 26th February 1881.

(i) Total receipts from 5th October 1880 to 26th February 1881.

(j) Total receipts from 1st to 26th February 1881.

No. IX OF 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Latest return received.	Railways.	Receipts for week ending 6th March 1880.		Receipts for week ending 6th March 1881.		Total Receipts from 1st April 1880 to 6th March 1880.		Total Receipts from 1st April 1880 to 6th March 1881.		Total Income in 1880-81.		Total Decrease in 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	
Guaranteed.												
26th Mar. 1881	East Indian	... 6,52,793	566	... 9,09,001	609	... 4,02,08,748	648	... 3,96,14,806	549	... 5,89,987	...	
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	... 79,749	464	... 71,181	414	... 36,61,182	473	... 41,68,371	499	... 1,92,239	...	
Ditto	Oudh and Rohilkhand	... 81,405	149	... 92,507	169	... 36,58,148	188	... 41,75,502	158	... 6,10,556	...	
19th ditto	Sind, Punjab and Delhi	... 2,13,700	316	... 2,75,737	406	... 1,07,88,717	326	... 1,15,17,269	302	... 7,78,553	...	
Ditto	Madras	... 1,22,846	143	... 1,30,748	152	... 60,37,412	146	... 55,11,505	132	... 5,85,607	...	
5th ditto	South Indian	... 66,885	109	... 63,911	96	... 32,30,478	107	... 33,56,655	107	... 1,26,179	...	
26th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	... 6,59,908	393	... 6,78,820	465	... 2,29,06,044	336	... 2,46,10,086	346	... 11,04,043	...	
Ditto	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	... 1,85,843	417	... 1,82,326	411	... 82,88,817	290	... 76,90,514	358	... 13,21,087	...	
	TOTAL	... 21,02,513	847	... 23,97,740	382	... 9,70,79,517	320	... 9,08,33,008	828	... 23,53,491	...	
State.												
26th Mar. 1881	Calcutta and South-Eastern	... 2,426	87	... 2,927	101	... 1,22,898	90	... 1,84,651	99	... 11,813	...	
19th ditto	Nalhati	... 1,730	63	... 1,463	54	... 64,808	62	... 60,286	46	... 24,018	...	
26th ditto	Northern Bengal	... 28,887	129	... 34,923	152	... 13,87,901	126	... 15,20,411	138	... 1,22,510	...	
19th ditto	Tirhoot	... 12,404	152	... 11,206	187	... 4,29,796	112	... 5,10,449	233	... 80,853	...	
Ditto	Patna-Gaya	... 9,408	168	... 8,640	150	(e) 3,11,474	123	... 4,44,590	161	... 1,39,118	...	
26th ditto	Muttra-Hathras	... 2,051	71	... 2,680	89	... 1,11,017	79	... 1,29,663	92	... 18,646	...	
	Dhundlod and Mahmud (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th Mar. 1881	Wardha Coal	... 2,602	■	... 8,157	181	... 2,86,111	180	... 2,80,809	101	... 64,802	...	
26th ditto	Nagpur & Chhattisgarh	...	...	... 6,940	98	...	...	(f) 1,42,480	58	1,48,480	...	
19th ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	... 43,573	271	... 52,996	320	... 9,41,894	120	... 12,41,145	159	... 2,99,251	...	
26th ditto	Sindia (Northern Section)	... 2,425	69	... 2,307	■	... 89,120	52	... 1,20,065	67	... 50,945	...	
19th ditto	Sindia (Southern Section)	... 892	27	... 4,795	146	(g) 8,894	24	... 65,997	54	... 77,108	...	
Ditto	Rajputana	... 1,20,008	281	... 1,27,436	175	... 56,98,516	158	... 40,54,168	147	... 5,16,032	...	
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section) (h)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th Mar. 1881	Holkar and Sindia-Nearnuc	... 24,658	128	... 38,781	152	... 10,68,739	120	... 18,90,874	114	... 3,06,185	...	
12th ditto	Punjab Northern	... 48,478	310	... 1,85,606	661	... 19,10,889	842	(f) 35,80,362	344	16,43,528	...	
19th ditto	Indus Valley and Kandahar	... 57,074	112	... 1,09,978	171	... 35,57,716	144	... 60,49,810	208	27,92,095	...	
	Khaingaon (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amrapti (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th Mar. 1881	Nizam's	... 12,206	101	... 11,900	89	... 6,46,501	110	... 6,46,399	110	... 3,232	...	
26th ditto	Cawnpore-Purnkhabad	...	...	... 4,979	58	...	...	(g) 31,436	89	31,436	...	
19th ditto	Bhavnagar-Gondal	...	...	... 10,808	56	...	...	(h) 77,710	48	77,710	...	
26th ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	... 050	55	...	...	(j) 15,238	58	15,238	...	
Ditto	Mysore	...	...	... 1,228	85	...	...	(k) 4,833	20	4,833	...	
	TOTAL	... 3,69,019	176	... 6,26,118	219	... 1,46,32,658	141	2,07,46,594	150	62,13,986	...	
	GRAND TOTAL	... 25,31,532	204	... 30,23,868	381	... 11,15,12,176	276	12,06,79,602	278	90,87,437	...	
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	... 5,62,25,156	180	5,07,99,680	135	...	...
	NET RECEIPTS	...	...	...	...	... 5,63,87,010	180	6,00,19,872	188	45,02,963	...	

(a) Included with G. E. R. Railway.
(b) Included with Rajputana Railway.
(c) Total receipts from 23rd April 1879 to 6th March 1880.
(d) Total receipts from 1st April 1880 to 6th March 1881.
(e) Total receipts from 23rd December 1879 to 6th March 1880.

(f) Includes receipts of the Kandahar line from 2nd May 1880.
(g) Total receipts from 15th December 1880 to 6th March 1881.
(h) Total receipts from 21st December 1880 to 6th March 1881.
(i) Total receipts from 5th October 1880 to 6th March 1881.
(j) Total receipts from 1st February 1881 to 6th March 1881.

No. X of 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Latest return received.	Railways.	RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 13TH MARCH 1880.		RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 12TH MARCH 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1879 TO 13TH MARCH 1880.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1880 TO 12TH MARCH 1881.		Total Increase In 1880-81.	Total Decrease In 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.		
Guernseyed.											
26th Mar. 1881	East Indian	... 6,75,492	551	9,25,121	624	4,10,54,236	548	4,05,50,937	545	...	5,44,300
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	... 62,923	366	67,763	390	40,34,056	471	48,21,164	481	1,97,000	...
Ditto	Oudh and Rohilkhand	... 55,180	158	92,110	168	37,54,326	138	42,70,613	158	5,16,286	...
17th ditto	Sind, Punjab and Delhi	... 2,41,100	257	3,03,381	448	1,00,79,626	327	1,18,20,660	853	8,40,824	...
Ditto	Madras	... 1,30,023	141	1,45,569	170	69,18,856	146	56,57,368	134	...	5,00,932
6th ditto	South India	... 63,247	98	... (a)	...	32,92,728	107	33,56,655	107	69,932	...
28th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	... 5,48,099	364	6,97,872	500	2,84,04,143	327	3,47,97,968	359	12,63,815	...
Ditto	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	... 1,81,307	408	1,90,289	429	64,50,164	293	77,80,303	353	13,30,619	...
	TOTAL	... 21,78,260	350	24,32,114	450	9,92,57,797	321	10,23,55,123	330	80,07,326	...
States.											
26th Mar. 1881	Calcutta and South-Eastern	... 2,291	82	2,964	100	1,25,129	00	1,57,615	90	12,486	...
19th ditto	Nalhati	... 1,680	68	1,409	52	85,098	64	61,604	40	...	24,303
28th ditto	Northern Bengal	... 25,822	112	32,360	141	14,23,728	126	15,53,771	137	1,30,048	...
19th ditto	Tirhoot	... 12,529	153	10,346	126	4,42,326	113	5,20,797	138	78,472	...
Ditto	Patna-Gaya	... 7,803	137	9,829	178	(d) 9,10,977	133	4,54,410	101	1,35,142	...
29th ditto	Muttra-Hathras	... 1,925	66	2,962	101	1,12,942	74	1,92,595	93	19,653	...
	Dhond and Manmad (e)	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th Mar. 1881	Wardha Coal	... 1,975	42	7,326	174	8,67,050	128	2,23,035	103	...	50,054
28th ditto	Nagpur and Chhattisgarh	... ...	...	6,867	180	...	...	(e) 1,49,287	56	1,49,287	...
19th ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	... 26,650	228	47,161	293	9,78,553	123	12,88,806	162	3,09,753	...
26th ditto	Sindia (Northern Section)	... 3,098	88	2,316	68	92,213	53	1,22,381	67	50,168	...
19th ditto	Sindia (Southern Section)	... 1,110	84	3,707	112	(f) 10,004	25	89,704	56	79,700	...
Ditto	Rajputana	... 1,01,449	187	1,30,272	179	30,89,963	154	41,84,440	149	5,44,476	...
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section) (g)	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th Mar. 1881	Holkar and Sindia-Nemnnah	... 27,408	143	37,904	160	11,16,147	190	14,34,868	114	5,18,721	...
17th ditto	Punjab Northern	... 69,851	363	84,618	800	10,78,600	343	20,45,750	345	10,69,000	...
19th ditto	Indus Valley and Kandahar	... 84,940	167	1,65,095	242	90,48,656	144	(g) 65,05,606	209	28,62,850	...
	Khamgaon (h)	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Anantnag (h)	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th Mar. 1881	Nizam's	... 16,425	126	10,120	84	6,64,926	111	6,56,398	110	...	8,528
26th ditto	Cawnpore-Furukhabad	... ...	...	4,790	66	...	...	(h) 36,226	42	36,226	...
19th ditto	Bhowmgarh-Gondal	... ...	...	12,808	65	...	...	(i) 20,218	46	20,218	...
26th ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghasipur	... ...	...	754	63	...	...	(k) 16,302	59	15,002	...
Ditto	Mysore	... ...	...	1,448	41	...	...	(l) 6,291	31	4,291	...
	TOTAL	... 3,84,978	182	5,66,714	190	1,49,17,634	143	2,13,18,312	151	63,95,678	...
	GRAND TOTAL	... 25,03,260	308	20,88,832	327	11,41,75,431	276	12,35,68,434	274	84,03,003	...
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	6,64,81,151	126	6,11,04,154	136	...	...
	NET RECEIPTS	...	...	...	...	5,78,94,280	139	6,24,74,276	138	47,78,006	...

(a) Returns not received.

(b) Included with Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

(c) Included with Indraprastha Railway.

(d) Total receipts from 21st April 1879 to 13th March 1881.

(e) Total receipts from 30th April 1880 to 13th March 1881.

(f) Total receipts from 20th December 1879 to 13th March 1881.

(g) Includes receipts of the Kandahar line from 2nd May 1881.

(h) Total receipts from 1st Dec. December 1879 to 12th Mar. 1881.

(i) Total receipts from 21st Dec. December 1879 to 12th Mar. 1881.

(j) Total receipts from 6th October 1880 to 12th March 1881.

(k) Total receipts from 1st February 1881 to 12th March 1881.

No. XI OF 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS

Latest return received.	Halley's.	Receipts from week ending 26th March 1881.		Receipts for week ending 19th March 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st April 1880 TO 30th March 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st April 1880 TO 30th March 1881.		Total Increase in 1880-81.	Total Decrease in 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mille open.	Total.	Per mille open.	Total.	Per mille open per week.	Total.	Per mille open per week.		
28th Mar. 1881	Guaranteed. West Indian	Rs. 9,55,135	634	Rs. 7,07,110	509	Rs. 4,20,89,370	550	Rs. 4,13,07,037	544	Rs. ...	Rs. 7,92,633
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	58,251	589	58,742	312	40,82,305	468	42,79,580	491	1,97,590	...
Ditto	Orissa and Rohilkhand	87,112	159	78,343	143	88,41,488	138	43,43,955	158	6,07,517	...
19th ditto	Sind, Panjab and Delhi	3,01,205	446	2,80,269	341	1,12,81,093	829	1,20,50,913	354	7,69,822	...
Ditto	Madras	1,16,112	136	1,17,393	127	69,34,747	146	67,74,756	133	... 5,59,801	...
5th ditto	South Indian	67,281	106	(a)...	...	38,60,004	107	33,36,655	107	...	3,349
26th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	6,80,821	407	6,80,632	435	2,40,84,664	338	2,63,38,490	351	18,00,520	...
Ditto	Bombay, Baroda and Central India.	2,05,962	454	1,94,488	438	66,56,116	295	79,75,291	856	18,19,175	...
	TOTAL	28,72,280	381	20,76,871	368	10,10,80,080	522	10,44,31,903	830	26,01,957	...
	State.										
28th Mar. 1881	Calcutta and South- Eastern.	2,000	82	2,420	86	1,27,429	87	1,40,095	96	12,606	...
19th ditto	Naxluti	1,657	63	1,401	52	87,053	84	63,065	48	...	24,558
26th ditto	Northern Bengal	25,720	112	20,560	180	14,49,443	128	15,82,421	136	1,32,878	...
19th ditto	Tirhoot	9,847	120	10,986	183	4,62,172	118	6,81,733	138	71,501	...
Ditto	Patna-Gaya	9,023	158	13,719	241	(d) 3,38,801	120	4,88,188	168	1,39,837	...
30th ditto	Multre-Hatras	2,200	78	2,810	90	1,16,211	78	1,35,205	92	19,994	...
	Dhond and Mamtud(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th Mar. 1881	Wardha Coal	3,250	47	4,882	97	2,88,819	127	2,32,417	102	...	56,903
26th ditto	Nagpur & Chhattisgarh	...	...	4,621	57	...	...	(e) 1,63,008	58	1,63,008	...
19th ditto	Rangoon and Irrawad- dy Valley.	42,344	262	46,351	275	10,20,797	126	18,82,657	164	3,11,860	...
26th ditto	Gaudia (Northern Sec.)	1,847	68	2,220	90	94,060	58	1,24,601	70	30,541	...
19th ditto	Sindia (Southern Sec.)	1,061	33	9,058	92	(f) 11,065	26	92,749	58	81,657	...
Ditto	Rajputana	98,510	181	1,15,665	160	87,88,464	155	42,09,996	150	5,61,511	...
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section). (c)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th Mar. 1881	Hukler and Sindia- Neemuch.	29,354	122	28,425	112	11,89,501	130	14,63,303	114	3,33,802	...
12th ditto	Punjab Northern	81,370	520	(a)...	...	20,58,066	553	(g) 36,45,780	845	15,87,714	...
19th ditto	Indus Valley and Kundahar.	1,46,780	287	1,07,542	107	27,58,435	147	(h) 66,12,747	208	28,24,313	...
	Khangrao(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amracti(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th Mar. 1881	Nicam's	14,670	120	10,607	88	6,79,496	111	6,67,005	110	...	12,491
26th ditto	Cawnpore-Farukhabad	...	...	3,567	41	...	...	(j) 30,798	43	30,798	...
19th ditto	Bhavnagar-Goudal	...	...	12,388	64	...	...	(k) 1,02,601	48	1,02,601	...
26th ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	414	34	...	...	(l) 10,406	58	16,406	...
Ditto	Mysore	...	...	1,329	38	...	...	(m) 2,610	82	7,610	...
	TOTAL	4,61,518	319	3,98,680	155	1,63,79,462	144	2,17,12,192	151	63,32,740	...
	GRAND TOTAL	28,31,057	340	24,75,751	302	11,70,03,488	277	12,01,41,185	274	31,81,687	...
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	6,78,69,640	137	6,24,07,270	136	...	...
	NET RECEIPTS	...	...	...	...	5,93,30,648	140	6,37,36,909	138	45,97,261	...

(e) Received and reviewed

Highway Safety Research Institute

(el) Inducted into Hungarian Rail

(2) Total records from 26 April 1970 to 30th March 1980.
(3) Total records from 26 April 1970 to 30th March 1981.

Total receipts from 3rd April 1850 to 19th March 1851.
Total receipts from 16th December 1850 to 20th March 1850.

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(p) Total receipts from 1st April 1950 to 12th March, 1951,
(q) Excluding amounts of the following type from 2nd May 1950-

(1) Total Profits from 1st January 1860 to 31st March 1869.

He. Du. do. goes to. da. to a. du.

(6) Do. do. Sub October 1890 to do.
(7) Do. do. 1st February 1891 to do.

Mon. Feb. 1st February 1861 To Dr. G. W.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

INVESTIGATION OPERATIONS OF PASH BAHI, PUNJAB, 1860-61; CHIEFLY IN THE DISTRICTS OF AMRITSAR AND JALANDHAR

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*J. W. STILLE, Captain, U.S.A.,
Off. Adm. Secy. to Govt., Peshawar, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.*

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

IMMIGRATION BANCH

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS IN BENGAL FOR 1880-81.

Addressed for Irrigation up to end of January 1881.

[1] Laid when three-year leases, 1,000 acres.

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C. TAYLOR,
Attorney, to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Comparative Statement of the Net Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue), for the twelve months of the official year 1870-81, and of the nine preceding years.

(In thousands of rupees.)

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS, APRIL TO MARCH.

YEAR.	BENGAL.			MADRAS.			BOMBAY STATE,			TOTAL BUREAU TARIFF.			
	On Imports of other than Liquors.	On Exports of other than Liquors.	Total Revenue.	On Imports of Liquors.	On Exports of Liquors.	Total Revenue.	On Imports of Liquors.	On Exports of Liquors.	Total Revenue.	On Imports of other than Liquors.	On Exports of other than Liquors.	Total Revenue.	
1871-72	10,381	70,96	81,34	4,32	46,75	4,06	36,73	1,16	2,34	21,89	21,89	1,41,22	
1872-73	11,36	66,99	77,16	1,67,54	5,97	46,96	3,79	16,74	1,07	1,23	1,42	1,42	1621-72.
1873-74	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71	61,39	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,49,48	1672-73.
1874-75	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71	61,39	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,49,48	1672-73.
1875-76	12,20	79,36	91,56	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1,67,74.
1876-77	12,20	82,46	91,62	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1674-75.
1877-78	12,20	82,46	91,62	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1674-75.
1878-79	12,20	82,46	91,62	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1674-75.
1879-80	12,20	82,46	91,62	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1674-75.
1880-81	12,20	82,46	91,62	1,97,57	7,96	51,99	5,46	36,36	1,23	1,72	1,72	1,72	1674-75.
1870-71	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1871-72	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1872-73	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1873-74	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1874-75	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1875-76	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1876-77	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1877-78	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1878-79	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1879-80	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39
1880-81	11,37	66,99	77,51	1,71,16	6,20	46,96	4,24	32,74	1,20	1,80	1,40	1,40	1,41,39

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE,

STATISTICAL BRANCH;

Calcutta, 15th April 1881.

T. C. HOPE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DÉPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENTS OF PRICES CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE 2ND HALF OF FEBRUARY AND 1ST HALF OF MARCH 1881, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 376, 377, 412, 413, 414, AND 415, OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE "GAZETTE OF INDIA," DATED 2ND AND 9TH APRIL 1881.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 17, 1901.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 19th APRIL 1881.

GENERAL REMARKS.—There has been a good deal of rain in Assam and the eastern districts of Bengal, in the Punjab and Sind, and in the Southern Deccan. Light showers also fell in many parts of the country, particularly in the Madras Presidency. The crops do not appear to have suffered from the wet weather, except to some slight extent in Sind, Dharwar, and Dacea. Fever and measles are reported from Sind and parts of the Deccan, and small-pox from a large number of districts in different Provinces and from several States. But the health of the people continues, on the whole, satisfactory.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—(April 20th)		
Bellary	... 9 (one station)	Standing crops generally good; harvest dry crops, yield average; paddy, sugarcane, and indigo being sown; fever in parts.
Kurnool	... 22 (average of four stations).	Harvest cotton, cultura about average; cattle-disease in parts.
Ganjam	... 32 (average of nine stations).	Second crop, paddy and ragi, flourishing.
Kistna	... 1·12 (average of five stations).	Standing crops good; small-pox and measles in parts.
Chingleput (Madras)	... ...	Crops generally good; cultivation of paddy progressing; fever and small-pox in parts; cattle-disease general.
Coimbatore	... 08 (average of two stations).	Crops generally fair; harvest paddy, cultura about average.
Tanjore	... ...	Crops generally good; harvest dry crops, cultura below average.
Madura	... ...	Harvest paddy in parts, yield average; standing crops drooping.
Malabar	... 91 (average of two stations).	Preparations for first crop, new season, progressing; small-pox in parts.
Travancore	... 40	Fever and chicken-pox in parts.
	...	<i>General Remarks.</i> —No rain in Chingleput, Tanjore, and Madura; general prospects good.
Bombay—(April 20th)		
Kurnachee	... 6·84 at Kotri; 5·59 at Kurnachee; 4·82 at Tatta.	River at Kotri on 18th 4 feet 8 inches, against 5 feet 1 inch on same date last year; small-pox in Dhadu 8 and in Schwari 34 cases; measles in two talukas; fever generally prevalent; many cattle died owing to fall of hail and rain; wheat, red rice, and bajri in Kotri 12, 13 and 19, in Tatta 11, 20 and 23, in Sakro 7, 18 and 20, and in Ghurabari 10, 17 and 19 acres, respectively.
Hyderabad	... 2·18 (average of ten talukas).	Rabi harvesting has commenced; cattle-disease in one, fever in two, and small-pox in five talukas; rain has caused much damage to standing rabi crops and cattle; river rising; weather reasonably warm; wheat 11, bajri 10½, jowari 18, red rice 13½, and white rice 9 acres.
Ahmedabad	... Slight drizzle on 13th	Rabi harvest nearly over; cattle-disease still in Dholka; wheat 36 and bajri 54.
Baroda	... ...	Rabi reaping nearly finished; public health good; no cattle-disease; bajri 40 and common rice 27 lbs. per rupee.
Surat	... ...	Rabi mostly harvested; fever in two talukas; jowari 47 and ragi 52 lbs.
Nasik	... ...	Weather warm; rabi threshing continued; fever in two talukas; one sporadic case of cholera in Nasik ten days ago; bajri 41, wheat 36, and jowari 53.
Colaba (Bombay)	... ...	Average abnormal temperature 1° warm; vapour in air slightly in excess of normal; abnormal wind—northerly on 14th and 15th, southerly on 18th, and west on all other days.
Poona	... ...	Average prices—bajri 45 and jowari 34 lbs.; in Poona bajri 41 and jowari 57 lbs.
Ahmednagar	... ...	ague in Karjat and cattle-disease in Karjat and Newasa; bajri—maximum 72 lbs. in Jamkhed, minimum 48 in Sangamner; jowari—maximum 40 in Jamkhed, minimum 60 in Sangamner.
Shalapur Dharwar	... 22 2·6 (in seven talukas)	Total 45; rabi harvest completed; jowari 81·3 and bajri 84·7 lbs. Rain heavy in Bankapur and injurious to crops; late crops almost harvested; cotton picking in progress; fields being prepared for early crops; rice 30 and jowari 98 lbs.; fever and cattle-disease decreasing.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bombay—contd.		
Karwar	43 in Supa	Harvesting second crop of rice on coast; slight fever and cattle-disease prevail; weather cloudy at nights; common rice in Karwar 16, in district 16½ seers.
Rajkot	34	Weather hot; health good; rain was accompanied with large masses of hailstones on 13th, <i>bajra</i> 48 and <i>jowar</i> 50 lbs. <i>General Remarks.</i> Rain in Sind and Southern Deccan, heavy in some districts, slight rain in Gujarat; prospects unchanged; fever, measles, and cattle-diseases in Sind, also in parts of Deccan.
Bengal—(April 19th)		
Chittagong	293	Thunderstorms almost every day; crops benefited by rain; preparations made for sowing <i>paddy</i> and jute; cattle-disease and small-pox still reported; general health good; prices stationary.
Dhaka	345	Standing crops slightly injured by storms; prospects of spring crops good.
24-Pergunnahs	91	No crops on the ground; land being ploughed for early rice and jute; eleven cases of small-pox reported from Canning Town; cholera still prevails in towns Kalarooh and other places in Satkhira; common rice at head-quarters at 16 to 22 seers, and in sub-divisions 22 to 26 seers.
Murshidabad	Nil	State and prospects of crops continue favourable; sowing of <i>rice</i> commenced; <i>rabi</i> still being harvested; on the whole public health good.
Rajshahi	Nil	Weather very hot, but mornings and evenings still cool; <i>rabi</i> crops still being harvested; <i>bora dhan</i> promises well; land being prepared for paddy and jute; <i>til</i> being sown; cholera prevalent nearly all over district; fever also reported.
Bardwan	Nil	Weather very hot; rain required for ploughing; sugarcane being prepared; district more healthy as regards fever than in cold weather.
Rajshpur	12	Weather cloudy; prospects of crops favourable; cholera reported from some parts of the district.
Bhagalpur	Nil	Preparation of <i>bhador</i> sowing going on; rice 24 seers per rupee small-pox in town.
Purneah	Nil	Prospects of crops not forward enough to report on; ploughing and sowing going on; rice 30 seers; health fair; rivers very low.
Patna	Nil	<i>Rabi</i> crops being threshed, outturn good; health good.
Durhambagh	Nil	Strong east wind; harvest of <i>rabi</i> over; sugarcane and indigo healthy-looking; prices stationary; general health good.
Hazaribagh	Nil	Weather hot and seasonable; prospects of crops good, except mango; <i>mohur</i> harvest going on; price of food cheap; small-pox prevailing in Birbhum; public health generally good.
Cuttack	Nil	Weather very hot; ploughing progressing; rain wanted; cholera and small-pox prevalent. <i>General Remarks.</i> Rain in many districts during week, it is still wanted in some; harvest of <i>rabi</i> continues, result generally favourable; <i>bora</i> rice promising; prospects of crops lately sown favourable; sowing of early rice, jute, &c., progressing; land being prepared for later crops; cholera prevalent in some places; prices easy.
N. W. Provinces and Oudh—		
Benares (April 20th)	9 at Benares and 2 at Chandowli.	Storm yesterday, mango crop damaged; sugarcane planting going on; a few cases of cholera; supplies plentiful; prices stationary.
Allahabad ( " " )	.....	Weather variable; still slight cholera and measles; prices still rising; wheat 20 $\frac{7}{10}$, barley 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, grain 22 $\frac{9}{10}$, coarse cleaned rice 16 $\frac{7}{10}$, unhusked rice 24 $\frac{7}{10}$, <i>bajra</i> 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, and peas 24 $\frac{6}{10}$ seers.
Gorakhpur ( " " )	.....	Weather seasonable; <i>rabi</i> harvest nearly threshed; slight change in prices; prices fair; health good; sporadic instances of small-pox in three talukas, and of cholera in one taluka; markets well supplied with food-grain.
Jhansi ( " " )	.....	Harvest is over, threshing and winnowing in progress; supplies plentiful; wheat 24, grain 20, <i>bajra</i> 25 seers; health generally good; cattle-diseases continue in mild form.
Agra	Nil	Wheat 19, grain 21, barley 25, <i>bajra</i> 24, <i>mohur</i> 28 seers.
Bencilly (" ")	Nil	Weather seasonable; crops good; wheat 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, <i>bajra</i> 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, common rice 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, grain 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.
Meerut (" ")	1 at Mowana; 1 at Ghaziabad; 8 at Meerut.	Weather now clear and hot; <i>rabi</i> harvest nearly all cut, outturn excellent, excepting grain half destroyed by weevils; a few cases of small-pox in Meerut taluka; cheapest wheat 23, grain 25, barley 23, <i>bajra</i> 23, <i>jwar</i> 27, <i>arhar</i> 27 seers.
Lucknow (" ")	Nil	Harvest operations nearly completed; weather seasonable; cattle-diseases continue.
Patnaigarh (" 18th)	.....	Heat increasing; wind mostly west, but variable; small-pox reports continue; slight cholera at Sadr, and has made its appearance in taluka Patti; a large quantity of grain is being exported from parts of the district; <i>mohur</i> harvest not good; mango prospects good.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
M. W. Provinces and Oudh—contd.		
Bijapur (April 20th)	.....	Weather seasonable; rabi nearly cut, return about half average crop; health good; wheat 24, barley 23, gram 27 acres.
Aligarh (,, ,)	No	Weather hot, crops cut; indigo sowings progressing; health good; wheat 21, barley 20, bajra 28, gram 23 acres.
Rae Bareli (,, 19th)	No	Demand for labour very slack; distress beginning to be felt by poorer cultivators and labourers in thanks Rae Bareli; maize crops very bad; rinderpest increasing; prices stationary, except a sharp rise in grain, gram 18, wheat 22, mohi 23, jhan 24, barley 27, arhar 20, makai 30 acres.
Cawnpore (,, 20th)	No	Outturn of irrigated crops fair; unirrigated very poor; small-pox decreasing; prices stationary; wheat 21, barley 28, bajra 28, gram 32 acres.
Moradabad (,, ,) 2 at Sambhar and 1 at Hassanpur.		Crops nearly all cut; prices of several kinds of grain have fallen.
Fyzabad (,, ,) Slight rain on the 19th April.		Sugarcane being sown; prices steady; cholera spreading and bad in some places.
Saharanpur (,, ,)	2	Sky clear; weather getting warmer; reaping progressing; wheat 19, gram 21, barley 30, rice 10, jowar 29, bajra 24, arhar 23, makai 22, bajra 22 acres.
Farakhabad (,, ,)	.....	Weather mild; wind west; harvest almost ended, outturn inferior; prices—wheat 20, barley 24, gram 22, bajra 31, arhar 22, rice 15 acres.
Kumam (,, ,)	.....	Finer; some storms; crops good, health fair; rice slightly dear. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Partial storms in several districts, but generally weather seasonable; prices falling in Rohilkhand and rising slightly in Allahabad and Kumam, elsewhere stationary; distress beginning to be felt by poorer cultivators in Rae Bareli; small-pox continues in Gorakhpur and Partabgarh, but is decreasing in Cawnpore; slight cholera in Benares, Gorakhpur, and Allahabad, but is increasing in Fyzabad and has appeared in Partabgarh; cattle-disease increasing in Rae Bareli, and continues in Lucknow and Jhansi.
Punjab—(April 20th)—		
Delhi	1	Reaping in progress; crops and health good.
Hissar	15	Cut crops slightly damaged; prices stationary; health good.
Umalla	3	Crop being harvested, yield good; health fair.
Jullundur	2	Prices steady; health good; crops average.
Taluk		Crops and health good.
Kotzebure	2	Health fair.
Sialkot	18	Crops having harvested; health good.
Rawalpindi	10	Crops and health good.
Peshawar	3	Harvest prospects improving.
Mohmand		Crops very favourable; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan	15	Prices high; health and prospects good. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Agricultural prospects fair throughout the province.
Central Provinces—		
Nagpur (April 20th)	Occasional showers	Weather cloudy and close; harvest completed; health good; prices easy.
Jubbulpore (,, ,)	.....	Weather cloudy occasionally, days hot; reaping almost finished; threshing and winnowing continue; cholera reported.
Seoni (,, ,)	9	Winnowing operations in progress; cholera reported; prices easy.
Hoshangabad (,, ,)		Weather cloudy and showery; winnowing in progress; cattle-disease reported; prices fallen.
Raipur (,, 16th)	09	Weather hot; few cases of small-pox and cholera; rice 12 and wheat 18 acres.
Bamralpur (,, ,)	.....	Weather cloudy; threshing wheat almost completed; health good; cattle-disease reported; rice 38 acres.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Weather cloudy and close; slight showers in some districts; rabi harvesting almost completed; cholera and small-pox reported from several districts; public health generally good; prices easy.		
British Burma— (April 16th)		
Akyab	.....	Small-pox continues in town, otherwise public health good; slight cattle-disease in two townships.
Rangoon		A few fatal cases of small-pox, otherwise public health good.
Bassein	No	Total rainfall 32 inch; slight small-pox in town, otherwise public health good; weather warm and hazy.
Proto	71	Total rainfall 91 inch; public health good.
Anherst (Moulmein)	10	Total rainfall 125 inches; a few cases of cholera in Moulmein, otherwise public health good.
Taungoo	73	Total rainfall 291 inch; public health good. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Some small-pox in Akyab and in several districts of Pegu; a few scattered cases of cholera, public health otherwise good.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Assam—(April 20th)		
Gauhati	•••	•••
Sylhet	•••	1.8 Weather tolerably cool; sowing of <i>aar</i> in progress; some small-pox. River going down rapidly; reaping of <i>bura</i> paddy crop reported; heavy cultivation for <i>aman</i> paddy proceeding rapidly.
Cachar	•••	2.22 Weather cool; cattle-disease still prevalent, 7,073 deaths reported to date; cultivation of <i>aar</i> crops progressing; common rice 20 seers; small-pox disappearing; health good.
Dibrugarh	•••	2.9 Weather continues cool; small-pox still at Lakhimpur Sadar; healthy.
Mysore and Coorg—(April 20th)		
Bangalore	•••	Standing crops in good condition generally; <i>vaisakhi</i> paddy crop withering in parts of Kolar district for want of rain, elsewhere prospects fair; fever and small-pox prevalent in parts; prices stationary.
Mysore Merca	•••	27 44 <i>Vaisakhi</i> crops thriving; coffee prospects improved.
Berar & Hyderabad—(April 20th)		
Amaroti	•••	..... Weather close and cloudy; wheat 20 and jowari 33 seers.
Akola	•••	..... No crops standing; ploughing continued; weather hot.
Hyderabad	•••	1.65 <i>Tabi</i> crops prospering; no sickness; prices—coarse rice 10½, wheat 15, yellow jowari 25, white jowari 21, gram 21, bajra 27, and <i>far</i> 30 seers per current sicca rupee.
Central India States—(April 20th)		
Indore	•••	..... No change since last report.
Morar (Gwalior)	•••	..... Weather seasonable; health good.
Satna	•••	••• Report not received.
Rutlam	•••	..... Weather hot; three cases of small-pox under treatment, no fresh cases.
Neemuch	•••	..... Health and crops good.
Goraa	•••	..... Outturn of crops excellent; public health good, except pneumonia and small-pox in some places.
Bhopal	•••	..... Health and prospects good.
Agar	•••	..... Health fair.
Niwargong	•••	..... Weather hot; two deaths from small-pox.
Manpur	•••	.....
Rajputana—		
Abu (April 20th)	.....	Cloudy and close; hotter.
Sirohi	.....	Report not received.
Marwar (April 16th)	•••	Tanks all empty, water in wells going down deeper; health good; crops being gathered; cloudy, warmer; prices stationary.
Maywar	{ " "	07 in Deodi; 08 in Tonk; 28 in Shah-pura.
Marwar (April 16th)	07 in Deodi; 08 in Tonk; 28 in Shah-pura.	Wells, tanks, health, and crops good; cool. Small-pox still virulent; weather more seasonable; water low.
Jhalawar (April 14th)	.....	Cool; wheat being harvested.
Ajmero (April 20th)	•••	Slight hail in some places; cattle-disease increasing.
Jaipore (April 20th)	.....	Crops gathered, irrigated outturn average, unirrigated quarter less; health good.
Report not received.		
Bharatpur Ulwar (April 19th)	Above 2	Tobacco injured by rain; still occasionally cloudy; cattle-disease and chest-diseases in parts; hot.

C. GRANT,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 & 25 Vic., cap. 67.

The Council met at Government House, Simla, on Wednesday, the 29th April, 1881.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, R.G., G.M.S.I.,
G.M.I.E., presiding.
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, G.C.B.
The Hon'ble Whitley Stokes, C.S.I., C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Rivers Thompson, C.S.I., C.I.E.
The Hon'ble J. Gibbs, C.S.I., C.I.E.
Major the Hon'ble E. Baring, R.A., C.S.I.
Colonel the Hon'ble G. T. Chesney, R.E.
The Hon'ble C. Grant.

INDIAN PAPER CURRENCY ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes introduced the Bill to amend the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1871, and moved that it be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Thompson, the Hon'ble Major Baring and the Mover. When moving for leave to introduce this Bill, he had sufficiently described its object and nature. It was of the simplest character; but it was, no doubt, a piece of patchwork; and he would ask the Select Committee, to which he hoped the Council would refer it, to recommend that the Act be repealed and re-enacted with the amendments proposed by the Bill.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes also moved that the Bill be published in the local official Gazettes in English and in such other languages as the Local Governments might think fit.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

SINDH INCUMBERED ESTATES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gibbs introduced the Bill to amend the Sindh Incumbered Estates Act, 1876, and moved that it be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Messrs. Stokes, Thompson and Grant and the Mover.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gibbs also moved that the Bill be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* in English and in such other languages as the Local Government might think fit.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BROACH AND KAIRA INCUMBERED ESTATES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gibbs also introduced the Bill to amend the Broach and Kaira Incumbered Estates Act, 1877, and moved that it be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Messrs. Stokes, Thompson and Grant and the Mover.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gibbs also moved that the Bill be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* in English and in such other languages as the Local Government might think fit.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

EXCISE BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Stokes introduced the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Excise-revenue in Northern India, British Burma and Coorg, and moved that it be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Thompson, the Hon'ble Major Baring and the Mover. He said that there were only two points about the Bill which required further notice. One was the great abbreviation of the present law which would be effected when the Bill was passed. The present law contained eighty-seven sections; the Bill only fifty-four. This was brought about partly by an improved arrangement of the matter of the law, and partly by the omission of five sections which related solely to Opium, and which had been repealed by the Opium Act; of four sections which were omitted as the subjects to which they related had been sufficiently provided for in the Sea Customs Act, 1878; of other sections provided for by the Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure. Chapter VII of the present Act was omitted as it would be rendered unnecessary by the saving of the Cantonment Act, 1880, effected by the Bill. Other provisions had been omitted as their subjects might be dealt with by executive order; and it was a principle of our legislation never to provide by a law for what might legally be done by the Executive.

The other point which he ought to state more specifically to the Council related to the enhancement of certain penalties prescribed for offences against the Excise-law. He had stated generally when he obtained leave to introduce the Bill, that most of those penalties had been enhanced, and he would now state shortly the extent, in each case, of that enhancement. First, as regards unlicensed manufacturing of spirit and fermented liquor, the punishments under the present law for violating the rules relating to that matter were only fines of one thousand rupees and five hundred rupees; under the Bill it would be a fine of one thousand rupees, or imprisonment for six months, or both fine and imprisonment. Secondly, as regards smuggling, the penalties under the present law were fines of one thousand rupees and five hundred rupees; under the Bill they would be a fine of one thousand rupees, or imprisonment for six months, or both fine and imprisonment. The penalties under the present law for the illicit sale of spirits or intoxicating drugs were fines of five hundred rupees and two hundred rupees; under the Bill there would be for that offence a fine of one thousand rupees, or six months' imprisonment, or both. For the illegal possession of spirits and drugs the present law provided a fine of two hundred rupees for each offence; the Bill authorized the infliction of a fine of one thousand rupees, or six months' imprisonment, or both.

As to breaches of the rules for the management of distilleries—under the present law the only penalties were fines of two hundred rupees and fifty rupees; under the Bill the fines were reduced to one hundred rupees. The illegal manufacture of intoxicating drugs was not provided for by the present law; the Bill would impose a fine of one thousand rupees, or six months' imprisonment, or both, for that offence.

Except in the case of breach of rules and unimportant breach of license, the Bill contemplated imprisonment in the criminal jail, where it might be rigorous or simple at the discretion of the convicting magistrate. Where a landowner connived at illicit manufacture, the imprisonment in default of payment of the fine would, under the Bill, be in the criminal jail: under the Act it was in the civil jail.

Those were the changes which had been introduced in the chapter on penalties, and it was for the Financial Department, if, after what he had said, it was thought necessary to do so, to justify the alterations. He would only remark that the statement which he had made to the Council at the last meeting, as to the impossibility of securing the excise-revenue without enhancing

the penalties under the present law, seemed supported by the action of this legislature with regard to the Opium Act and by that of the Government of India with regard to the Bengal Excise Act, 1878. The Opium Act was held by this Council to be rendered necessary by the inadequate penalties then provided in the Excise-law (Act No. X of 1871) for offences which endangered the safety of the opium-revenue, a very precious imperial asset. The revenue arising from spirit, fermented liquor and intoxicating drugs was made a provincial asset from the beginning of the year 1877-78. The Local Governments naturally soon claimed the same protection for their excise-revenue as the Supreme Government had provided in the case of opium; and, in particular, the Bengal Government, with the sanction of the Government of India, passed, in 1878, a local Act, the main feature of which was the introduction of rigorous imprisonment for excise-offences in lieu of simple detention in the civil jail.

His Excellency THE PRESIDENT observed that the papers connected with the Bill had only come into his hands just before the meeting of the Council. He had not had time therefore to consider them, especially with reference to the question of the enhancement of the penalties; and he desired to reserve his opinion on the subject until he had an opportunity of seeing what arguments had been brought forward by the Local Governments in favour of the proposed changes.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

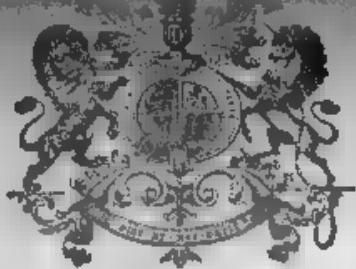
The Hon'ble MR. STOKES then moved that the Bill be published in the local official Gazettes of the territories to which it extended, in English and in such other languages as the Local Governments might think fit.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Wednesday, the 4th May, 1881.

R. J. CROSTHWAITE,

SIMLA; }
The 20th April, 1881. }
*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.*



SUPPLEMENT TO The Gazette of India.

No. 18. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1881.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. XII of 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Latest return received.	Railways.	RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH MARCH 1881.		RECEIPTS FOR WEEK ENDING 27TH MARCH 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1880 TO 27TH MARCH 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1880 TO 27TH MARCH 1881.		Total Increase in 1880-81.	Total Decrease in 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.		
<i>Guaranteed.</i>											
9th April 1881	East Indian	Rs. 8,71,855	Rs. 378	Rs. 8,57,729	Rs. 569	Rs. 4,29,02,235	Rs. 560	Rs. 4,28,15,122	Rs. 548	Rs. 1,18,377	Rs. 5,87,100
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	62,140	348	51,322	292	41,44,747	436	41,81,124	487	6,12,071	...
2nd ditto	Orissa and Bihar	53,735	183	90,736	165	39,25,233	139	44,03,307	159	8,31,653	...
Ditto	Sind, Punjab & Delhi	2,42,735	359	8,66,017	527	1,16,23,883	839	1,23,56,538	855	8,31,653	...
Ditto	Madras	1,06,814	124	1,18,509	138	64,41,566	145	54,91,064	184	...	5,45,502
18th ditto	South Indian	2,71,872	113	60,296	108	84,31,877	107	86,06,748	108	1,34,871	...
9th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	6,07,008	361	0,24,813	431	2,45,42,932	839	2,80,87,038	854	15,44,556	...
Ditto	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	1,78,116	101	2,80,373	586	68,34,232	298	82,40,706	861	14,06,473	...
	TOTAL	21,25,668	339	24,28,594	385	10,97,46,007	830	10,72,66,006	850	35,10,309	...
<i>State.</i>											
2nd April 1881	Calcutta and South-Eastern	Rs. 3,911	140	Rs. 4,817	172	Rs. 1,81,339	91	Rs. 1,44,867	101	Rs. 12,528	...
Ditto	Nabati	1,280	47	1,508	55	88,933	64	64,871	67	24,063	...
9th ditto	Northern Bengal	32,289	140	29,800	125	14,81,732	128	18,00,683	130	1,24,051	...
2nd ditto	Tibhoot	12,391	151	11,706	118	4,04,563	114	5,48,801	134	78,938	...
Ditto	Purna-Gya	11,176	196	12,395	217	(e) 9,39,174	131	4,81,686	134	1,42,110	...
9th ditto	Mattri-Brahma	2,612	180	2,944	103	1,18,828	79	1,38,574	28	19,751	...
Ditto	Dhormi and Shramad (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9th April 1881	Wardha Coal	6,614	185	9,638	214	2,94,968	127	2,44,438	106	60,586	...
Ditto	Nagpur & Chhattisgarh	...	...	5,377	81	...	...	(d) 1,60,404	59	1,60,404	...
2nd ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	41,159	466	52,303	328	10,61,060	128	13,91,341	108	9,20,285	...
9th ditto	Sindia (Northern Sec.)	1,649	42	2,653	72	36,809	50	1,27,027	67	31,418	...
2nd ditto	Sindia (Southern Sec.)	1,038	31	4,627	140	(e) 12,118	26	1,01,801	61	69,271	...
Ditto	Rajputana	1,07,096	197	1,23,466	170	88,46,612	157	44,48,681	162	6,01,000	...
	Western & Rajputana (Southern Section) (b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9th April 1881	Holkar and Sindia	23,855	137	86,860	126	11,62,866	130	16,01,401	119	8,34,645	...
26th Mar. 1881	Punjab Northern	63,769	409	1,00,040	354	31,21,823	257	39,70,810	351	17,46,977	...
9th April 1881	Indus Valley and Kandahar	1,10,143	217	1,56,984	243	28,88,680	148	(f) 28,56,776	217	21,67,898	...
	Kashmara (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amitwali (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Last 5 days of March 1881	Nizam's	10,851	135	14,301	118	6,95,877	111	6,88,002	111	(4) 7,874	...
9th April 1881	Cawnpore-Patrakhabad	...	...	3,207	44	...	...	(g) 15,333	45	45,333	...
2nd ditto	Bharatagarh-Gondal	...	...	16,615	78	...	...	(h) 1,10,416	60	1,16,416	...
9th ditto	Mysore	...	...	8,113	41	...	...	(j) 10,734	20	10,734	...
2nd ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	623	52	...	...	(k) 17,084	68	17,084	...
	TOTAL	13,31,708	493	13,0,164	187	1,58,16,270	130	2,25,00,216	139	67,53,916	...
	GRAND TOTAL	21,30,147	700	20,10,421	312	11,00,61,967	271	12,00,33,012	286	102,72,345	...
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	NET RECEIPTS	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(f) Includes receipts of the Kandahar Line from 2nd May 1880.

(g) Total receipts from 13th December 1880 to 20th March 1881.

(h) Total receipts from 20th December 1880 to 20th March 1881.

(i) Total receipts from 1st February 1881 to 20th March 1881.

(j) Total receipts from 6th October 1880 to 20th March 1881.

(a) Included with Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

(b) Included with Nagpur & Berar.

(c) Total receipts in the 1st April 1880 to 27th March 1881.

(d) Total receipts from 6th April 1880 to 20th March 1881.

(e) Total receipts from 20th December 1880 to 27th March 1881.

No. XIII of 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Latest return received.	Railways.	RECEIPTS FOR THE LAST 5 DAYS OF MARCH 1880.		RECEIPTS FOR THE LAST 5 DAYS OF MARCH 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1880 TO 31ST MARCH 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1880 TO 31ST MARCH 1881.		Total Increase in 1880-81.	Total increase in 1880-81.
		Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.		
9th Apr. 1881	Gazorested. East Indian	Rs. 5,20,667	Rs. 245	Rs. 6,19,875	411	Rs. 4,34,32,692	251	Rs. 4,30,34,897	246	Rs. ...	Rs. 4,33,595
9th ditto	Eastern Bengal	82,633	190	42,546	243	41,77,380	405	43,75,770	485	1,96,980	...
2nd ditto	Oudh and Rohilkhand	51,888	96	69,090	126	39,77,131	139	45,36,997	159	5,59,868	...
2nd ditto	Sind, Punjab and Delhi	1,72,451	255	1,78,671	265	1,16,95,848	331	1,25,34,209	255	8,37,863	...
2nd ditto	Madras	... 1,66,657	181	92,833	108	65,97,223	147	58,81,597	134	... 6,06,396	...
2nd ditto	South Indian	41,108	65	46,194	71	34,72,985	107	36,12,942	107	1,89,957	...
8th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	8,37,846	233	4,68,850	320	1,48,60,278	340	9,85,51,388	356	16,71,060	...
9th ditto	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India	1,60,073	238	1,79,233	404	69,84,905	301	84,19,537	564	14,35,689	...
	TOTAL	... 14,61,943	238	16,91,991	268	10,53,08,540	231	10,80,58,087	381	87,40,547	...
<i>State.</i>											
2nd Apr. 1881	Calcutta and South-Eastern	1,478	58	1,633	68	1,82,817	91	1,46,489	100	12,682	...
2nd ditto	Nalhati	702	28	1,037	38	50,896	54	65,808	47	... 23,787	...
9th ditto	Northern Bengal	31,205	136	19,950	87	16,12,987	128	16,20,698	136	1,18,690	...
2nd ditto	Tirhoot	5,120	43	10,754	131	4,60,698	118	5,64,255	186	84,663	...
2nd ditto	Patna-Gaya	5,506	97	9,007	159	(e) 8,44,984	124	4,90,623	165	1,45,639	...
9th ditto	Muttra-Hathras	1,604	81	2,158	74	1,20,427	79	1,40,732	98	20,305	...
	Dhond and Mahmud (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9th Apr. 1881	Wardha Coal	1,043	23	6,293	140	2,96,006	126	2,50,726	107	... 46,280	...
9th ditto	Meggar and Chhattisgarh	...	...	5,007	59	...	...	(d) 1,64,811	59	1,64,811	...
2nd ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	31,729	186	36,899	226	10,88,684	129	14,27,640	170	3,43,966	...
9th ditto	Sindia (Northern S.)	1,247	84	1,872	45	96,856	50	1,28,699	67	81,843	...
2nd ditto	Sindia (Southern S.)	778	24	2,242	98	(e) 12,896	27	1,04,639	61	91,737	...
2nd ditto	Rajputana	57,951	107	86,223	119	39,04,563	157	45,34,804	168	6,50,341	...
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section) (b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9th Apr. 1881	Holkar and Sindia-Nemuch	6,038	26	20,943	121	11,67,868	129	15,21,844	119	1,63,456	...
26th Mar. 1881	Punjab Northern	26,230	226	(f)	...	21,57,068	359	(g) 28,70,810	851	17,18,747	...
29th Apr. 1881	Indus Valley and Kan-dahar	48,467	95	61,987	96	39,47,047	149	69,28,163	207	20,81,118	...
	Khammam (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amarpati (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Last 5 days of March.	Nizam's	7,704	64	10,806	69	7,03,581	111	6,98,608	111	... 4,978	...
9th Apr. 1881	Cawnpore-Farukhabad	...	...	2,006	80	...	...	(h) 47,939	45	47,939	...
2nd ditto	Bhowanpur-Gondal	...	...	15,821	62	...	...	(j) 1,82,287	54	1,82,287	...
9th ditto	Mysore	...	...	1,954	84	...	...	(k) 12,688	82	12,688	...
2nd ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	441	40	...	...	(l) 17,509	58	17,509	...
	TOTAL	... 2,24,860	100	3,06,007	98	1,60,40,186	130	2,28,74,823	139	68,34,687	...
	GRAND TOTAL	... 16,86,709	198	19,97,598	211	12,18,48,676	272	18,18,32,910	267	1,65,84,234	...
	GROSS ESTIMATED EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	6,99,47,042	135	6,51,04,998	132	...	...
	NET RECEIPTS	...	...	...	...	6,10,01,684	137	6,06,27,912	135	53,88,378	...

(a) Included with G. I. P. Railway.

(b) Included with Rajputana Railways.

(c) Total receipts from 2nd April 1880 to 31st March 1880.

(d) Total receipts from 9th April 1880 to 31st March 1880.

(e) Total receipts from 20th December 1880 to 31st March 1880.

(f) Receipts not received.

(g) Total receipts from 1st April 1880 to 26th March 1881.

(h) Total receipts from 1st December 1880 to 31st March 1881.

(i) Total receipts from 20th Dec. 1880 to 31st March 1881.

(j) Total receipts from 1st February 1881 to 31st March 1881.

(k) Total receipts from 1st October 1880 to 31st March 1881.

(l) Total receipts from 4th October 1880 to 31st March 1881.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

ABSTRACT SHOWING THE RESULT OF EMIGRATION FROM THE PORT OF CALCUTTA DURING THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1881.

No. 1.—As to age and sex.

	Trinidad.			Natal.			TOTAL		REMARKS GRAND TOTAL
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	
Under 2 years	10	9	19	4	4	8	14	18	27
From 2 to 10 years	50	12	62	29	18	42	79	25	104
" 10 to 20 "	116	46	163	81	19	100	197	65	262
" 20 to 30 "	212	118	330	237	57	294	419	175	624
" 30 to 40 "	16	3	19	16	7	23	32	19	42
" 40 to 50 "	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...
" Above 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	404	188	592	367	102	469	771	290	1,061

No. 2.—As to places whence emigrants came to Calcutta for embarkation.

Orissa	...	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	4
Western Bengal	...	...	...	9	1	10	9	1	10
Central ditto	...	...	...	5	6	11	5	6	11
Eastern ditto	1	...	1	3	1	4	4	1	5
Bihar	19	21	40	88	16	84	97	87	124
N.W. Provinces	134	90	224	181	71	262	279	161	540
Oudh	167	68	235	19	1	20	186	69	255
Central India	7	8	16	10	3	12	17	10	27
Punjab	9	1	10	61	4	65	70	6	75
Nepal	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
Mixed, Madras &c	2	...	2	7	...	7	9	...	9
Grand Total	404	188	592	367	102	469	771	290	1,061

No. 3.—As to caste and religion.

Brabmins, high caste	73	24	97	67	19	86	140	45	188
Agriculturists	139	185	30	24	10	34	218	76	280
Artisans	7	2	9	24	6	30	31	8	39
Low castes	181	68	129	120	28	148	261	88	337
Mosulmans	60	52	112	78	25	101	136	77	213
Christians	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	404	188	592	367	102	469	771	290	1,061

Memo.	M.	F.	Total
1. Hindus	...	635	218
2. Mosulmans	...	136	77
3. Christians
TOTAL	...	771	290
			1,061

C. GRANT,
Offy. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT
PUBLIC WORKS
RAIL

Comparative Statement of Traffic on Indian Railways

QUARTERS.	East Indian.		Eastern Bengal, including steamer earnings.		Oudh and Rajahmundry.		Bindia, Punjab and Delhi, including steamer earnings.		Madras.		South Indian.		Great Indian Peninsula, f	
	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.
First Quarter.														
Total earnings	1,077,129	1,084,440	84,286	90,000	145,829	109,111	205,711	201,831	145,829	146,811	70,263	80,800	748,000	688,571
Mean mileage open	1,504	1,507	171	172	647	647	676	676	667	668	611	634	1,243	1,244
Average receipts per week	80,829	83,511	6,487	7,300	11,228	8,383	20,429	21,425	11,068	11,247	5,805	6,199	67,004	60,000
Average receipts per week per mile open	55.1	58.5	37.8	47.0	20.3	18.3	30.2	30.2	17.9	17.1	9.9	9.9	46.0	39.1
Second Quarter.														
Total earnings	1,065,412	1,065,344	84,500	78,871	127,979	135,812	246,301	212,060	164,512	141,816	86,000	96,500	700,331	671,811
Mean mileage open	1,504	1,507	171	172	647	647	676	676	687	684	612	634	1,253	1,260
Average receipts per week	80,460	78,547	6,606	6,067	8,897	10,452	18,793	20,070	12,654	10,994	6,010	7,020	64,608	51,740
Average receipts per week per mile open	55.6	50.9	38.0	35.8	19.0	19.1	37.8	35.8	14.9	13.8	10.8	11.7	45.6	40.1
Third Quarter.														
Total earnings	727,902	731,196	110,190	125,356	67,979	60,172	165,888	212,358	145,835	136,297	92,519	92,871	513,418	503,377
Mean mileage open	1,504	1,507	171	172	543	547	647	676	687	684	611	613	1,274	1,276
Average receipts per week	50,708	57,779	8,476	11,780	6,320	6,167	12,784	16,410	11,318	10,494	6,174	6,375	54,037	52,712
Average receipts per week per mile open	37.7	32.8	40.3	39.5	8.6	11.3	19.0	24.3	18.1	17.2	10.0	10.8	19.0	21.0
Fourth Quarter.														
Total earnings	1,070,074	1,084,448	153,775	125,572	61,764	118,139	360,885	330,398	165,194	180,476	86,212	81,847	564,006	601,356
Mean mileage open	1,504	1,507	171	172	647	647	676	676	687	684	611	613	1,283	1,293
Average receipts per week	82,514	83,737	10,390	8,067	9,067	9,067	27,794	24,646	11,784	10,720	6,050	6,200	42,818	42,364
Average receipts per week per mile open	54.7	58.0	89.8	88.5	12.9	16.0	41.0	36.6	15.9	13.5	10.4	9.7	53.8	50.1
Total for the Year.														
Total earnings	8,676,682	8,681,750	612,349	595,519	483,603	443,769	1,056,868	1,134,183	997,427	864,809	285,700	341,906	2,326,327	2,326,261
Mean mileage open	1,504	1,507	171	172	647	647	676	676	687	684	611	613	1,300	1,303
Average receipts per week	70,250	70,414	7,539	8,703	8,057	8,514	10,885	11,467	11,381	10,983	6,308	6,673	44,710	44,136
Average receipts per week per mile open	59.8	60.0	64.2	56.6	15.3	16.3	18.5	20.5	17.4	17.7	10.1	10.3	34.9	34.9
QUARTERS.	Tributary (States).		Punjab Northern (State).		Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley (State).		Northern Bengal (State).		Bindia, Mortuary (State).		Dhond and Marmad (State).		Indus Valley and Kandahar (State). ^a	
	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.
First Quarter.														
Total earnings	15,018	14,112	43,186	78,866	20,925	40,402	27,047	30,912	3,862	3,129	13,415	17,147	46,505	181,618
Mean mileage open	83	83	103	103	101	101	219	230	37	37	145	146	4,806	34,646
Average receipts per week	1,001	1,006	8,365	8,365	6,381	8,339	7,081	8,070	230	341	1,032	1,010	4,838	10,149
Average receipts per week per mile open	12.2	12.3	32.3	37.2	14.6	20.8	9.8	13.3	0.5	0.5	7.1	9.1	0.8	10.9
Second Quarter.														
Total earnings	12,921	15,041	41,430	35,874	23,367	37,156	34,926	37,748	2,917	2,905	10,302	10,237	78,038	104,300
Mean mileage open	81	82	101	101	101	101	232	250	36	37	1,462	1,479	6,646	14,351
Average receipts per week	949	1,167	3,189	6,641	1,947	1,855	2,860	2,904	317	316	1,462	1,479	4,002	12,778
Average receipts per week per mile open	11.7	14.1	30.9	36.7	12.1	17.8	13.8	12.6	0.8	0.9	11.6	10.9	3.8	31.1
Third Quarter.														
Total earnings	8,141	10,753	33,339	63,860	16,986	22,309	35,098	33,063	1,745	1,005	8,938	16,473	13,081	146,096
Mean mileage open	76	76	103	122	181	181	226	230	36	37	145	146	8,066	64,646
Average receipts per week	626	627	3,695	4,912	1,236	1,716	1,554	2,613	184	205	303	1,267	4,002	12,778
Average receipts per week per mile open	8.3	10.9	24.2	36.8	7.7	10.7	6.8	11.0	0.7	0.7	3.5	8.7	7.4	19.9
Fourth Quarter.														
Total earnings	15,935	16,204	66,058	114,061	23,804	20,815	40,056	48,854	1,806	1,404	10,916	18,774	132,030	176,000
Mean mileage open	82	82	103	103	101	101	230	230	35	35	1,420	1,430	6,204	64,646
Average receipts per week	912	1,003	6,253	8,773	1,810	2,363	3,774	5,029	184	205	270	1,282	10,262	17,000
Average receipts per week per mile open	12.2	12.7	50.3	66.7	11.3	16.2	18.5	18.6	0.6	0.7	6.4	8.9	20.1	30.6
Total for the Year.														
Total earnings	43,873	46,217	185,000	335,429	35,297	192,393	139,426	101,270	9,410	12,774	46,730	60,171	357,753	406,944
Mean mileage open	71	71	101	101	101	101	236	236	36	37	116	116	6,004	13,411
Average receipts per week	655	1,061	3,651	6,477	1,839	2,064	2,062	3,101	191	230	290	1,847	6,003	13,411
Average receipts per week per mile open	11.2	12.0	31.6	38.0	11.4	18.4	11.9	18.6	0.4	0.4	7.8	9.2	12.4	30.6

^a Includes steamer earnings.

^b Exclusive of military receipt.

^c The line was opened for traffic from 21st April 1879.

^d 1st Oct. ditto from 8th April 1880.

^e Kandahar line was opened for traffic from 3rd May 1880.

^f Includes receipts of the Khangrao and Amarkot Railways.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 30, 1891.

450

INDIA.

DEPARTMENT.

AY.

for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Quarters of 1879 and 1890.

Bomber, Baroda and Central India.		Gauhati and North-Eastern (State).		Kutch (State).		Rajputana (State).		Hukar and Sindhi-Narmach (State).		Dharamgarh-Chandpur (State).		Wardha Coast (State).		Nilam's (State).			
1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.		
213,200 444 16,480 3679	200,907 444 16,480 348	3,480 29 269 876	5,016 29 278 976	2,380 27 184 876	3,100 27 108 876	113,446 451 9,680 301	125,360 462 9,645 301	20,473 171 2,293 134	22,000 170 2,402 134	3,900 46 290 51	6,994 47 430 113	16,730 121 1,297 106	17,033 121 1,336 112				
816,802 444 16,316 3976	761,908 444 16,316 4879	3,830 29 268 1074	5,036 29 278 1074	2,461 27 180 70	1,023 27 140 70	104,775 429 8,080 1874	90,627 408 6,971 1874	30,830 171 2,773 1874	34,098 220 2,773 1874	7,253 45 403 123	5,877 47 1,457 180	16,978 121 1,457 126	19,753 121 1,614		
20,513 444 8,068 1275	18,894 444 7,013 1275	2,701 28 262 74	3,406 28 276 74	2,073 27 180 74	1,573 27 106 74	56,550 431 4,803 1874	52,671 482 4,813 1874	19,263 171 1,718 1874	20,377 254 1,875 1874	7,081 46 801 187	1,502 47 100 91	16,047 121 1,167 98	15,865 121 1,176		
145,092 444 16,036 247	177,130 444 16,036 3077	2,300 28 308 93	3,080 28 276 93	2,200 27 174 93	1,406 27 116 93	60,748 430 6,811 1874	63,219 479 7,171 1874	35,369 171 2,830 1874	41,201 254 2,830 1874	5386 12 876 1874	7,454 45 873 1874	18,813 121 1,547 120	17,656 121 1,547 118		
645,873 444 16,318 284	744,878 444 16,318 3373	13,400 28 276 93	14,309 28 276 93	6,170 27 176 93	6,302 27 131 93	254,342 426 6,812 1874	275,717 476 7,330 1874	111,584 171 7,304 1874	140,136 237 5,066 1874	825 11 694 1874	31,818 42 614 114	46,473 121 1,398 113	70,373 121 1,398		
Madras-Burma (State).		Patna-Gaya (State).		Western Rajputana (State).		Madiia, Southern Section (State).		Nagpur and Chhattisgarh (State).		Cawnpore-Murshidabad (State).		Khandesh-Gondal (State).		Total.			
1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.	1879.	1890.		
3,375 444 29 237 874	3,835 444 29 237 775	11,448 27 181 156	14,252 42 1,010 156	14,252 27 1,010 156	1,197 33 92 156	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	3,116,332 1,185 280,610 2072	3,218,773 8,709 247,360 201		
5,142 3,313 29 237 775	5,313 3,313 29 237 775	8,0286 40 57 239 75	11,913 57 693 75	35,440 63 1,877 75	3,056 28 158 75	... ... ... ...	4,1966 43 372 75	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	3,106,059 4,318 256,340 219,001	3,206,820 6,777 219,001		
2,710 3,835 29 237 775	2,710 3,835 29 237 775	4,790 57 870 75	11,260 57 870 75	10,402 63 467 75	1,404 33 120 75	... ... ... ...	9,317 59 178 75	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	1,987,841 4,204 16,3980 184	2,339,129 6,777 178,003 204		
3,966 4,181 29 237 775	4,181 4,181 29 237 775	11,230 57 870 75	18,844 67 1,066 75	9,7414 68 712 75	15,197 55 1,168 75	2,877 33 220 75	8,260 53 269 75	2304 48 81 75	2304 48 81 75	5091 106 297 75	5091 106 297 75	3,062,070 4,276 234,661 250,707	3,256,198 6,777 250,707				
18,568 13,813 29 237 775	18,568 13,813 29 237 775	23,061 67 865 75	4,781 62 712	55,010 53 3,260 75	83 23 64 75	7,306 53 180 75	10,395 53 369 75	230 48 91 75	230 48 91 75	509 106 297 75	509 106 297 75	3,164,002 4,211 216,173 232,483	3,256,918 6,777 232,483				
29 237 775	29 237 775	9,0	78	18,2	87	15,2	14	45	45	19	19	19	19	3,060	3,060		

Total receipts from 1st Quarter to 31st December 1879.

4. Ditto from 16th November to 31st December 1879.

5. Ditto from 20th to 31st December 1879.

6. Ditto from 1st to 31st December 1890.

7. Ditto from 30th to 31st December 1890.

INDIA.

Agriculture and Commerce.

for the 2nd half of March 1881.

WEIGHTS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Per Milletta, Bagh, Et.
Lagaz, Verango, Nawa,
Kano, Cotaloo, Morn,
Kogdoo, Pussoor
Bhaman, &c.

Firewood.												Salt.												REMARKS.	
Present fortnight.			Corresponding fortnight of 1880.			Present fortnight.			Corresponding fortnight of 1880.			Present fortnight.			Corresponding fortnight of 1880.			DEPARTMENT.			PROVISIONS.		REMARKS.		
Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Gram.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	REMARKS.		
10 35 8	31 8	43 6	40 8	48 10	215 18	215 13	215 13	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	Ganjam .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
5 82 5	24 3	99 13	90 13	85 8	87 8	87 8	86 6	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Vizagapatam .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6 36 6	8 34	10 42	0 42	0 27	13	160 6	243 6	0 12	0 12	0 12	0 12	Godavary .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3 41 2	31 5	52 8	31 10	32 0	155 13	145 13	145 13	13 2	12 12	12 12	12 12	Kistna .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
14 30 0	0 28	14 19	14 21	0 18	14	93 5	93 5	93 5	12 11	12 11	12 11	12 11	Nallore
0 33 0	30 0	32 1	32 11	23 8	184 6	194 6	194 6	13 8	18 8	18 8	18 8	Cuddapah .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
14 81 0	20 8	38 2	38 2	26 5	97 3	97 3	97 3	12 13	12 13	12 13	12 13	Bellary .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 26 11 2	31 8	31 8	26 8	20 10	..	..	..	12 2	12 2	12 2	12 2	Kurnool .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
8 26 11	21 8	80 0	29 10	24 6	81 6	82 10	87 8	18 12	14 14	13 14	13 14	Madras .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
0 26 0	21 3	28 8	28 13	25 0	77 13	77 13	103 0	19 14	18 14	18 14	18 14	Chingleput .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
38 20 13	20 10	54 8	52 8	29 8	140 0	140 0	140 0	18 5	12 12	12 12	12 12	North Arcot .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6 29 6	23 18	27 14	27 14	25 10	201 11	201 11	201 11	14 13	14 13	14 13	14 13	South Arcot .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3 33 8	24 14	29 11	29 11	24 8	194 6	194 6	194 6	18 8	18 8	18 8	18 8	Tajore .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
13 31 6	22 5	30 13	30 13	23 2	97 3	97 3	97 3	12 12	12 12	12 12	12 12	Trichinopoly .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
0 20 3	23 8	37 6	36 8	25 18	145 13	145 13	145 13	13 2	14 14	13 14	13 14	Madura .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 27 2	27 2	27 2	21 4	14	76 13	76 13	76 13	14 11	14 11	14 11	14 11	Tiruvalla .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3 36 2	23 0	43 11	43 11	25 10	131 3	181 3	131 3	11 9	11 12	11 12	11 12	Coimbatore .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11 19 0	16 2	25 11	24 13	16 10	121 8	121 8	121 8	8 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	Nilgiris .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
6 27 6	20 3	39 6	37 6	24 2	151 10	151 10	151 10	12 2	13 14	11 11	11 11	Baluram .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
9 6 19 6	17 10	22 8	24 3	18 11	109 5	109 5	97 3	12 3	12 3	12 3	12 3	South Orissa .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
13 23 6	17 8	31 0	29 8	21 0	121 8	121 8	121 8	11 3	11 3	11 3	11 3	Malabar .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
3 0 12 0	10 10 10	28 1	21 5	14 0	71 10	68 4	61 6	12 9	12 9	9 12	9 12	Bombay .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 25 0	26 0	16 0	16 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	76 0	0 13	0 13	0 13	0 13	Ahmedabad .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 12	20 11	16 13	16 13	80 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	12 10	0 12	12 10	0 12	Kaira .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 18 18 18	18 13	10 4	80 0	80 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	11 13	11 13	11 13	11 13	Surat .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 20 0 20 0	13 6	106 0	106 0	106 0	106 0	106 0	106 0	12 12	12 12	12 12	12 12	Broach .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
0 0 20 0	11 4	14 5	14 6	11 7	71 1	71 1	71 1	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	Tanna (Ghatiote)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 18 0 13 0	9 0	9 6	85 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	12 0	0 12	0 12	0 12	Colaba (Alibag)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 12 26	15 17 1	17 1	140 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	12 13	12 13	12 13	12 13	Khandesh (Dhulia)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
7 10 20 9	18 0	24 2	24 2	14 3	115 0	128 0	128 0	12 4	11 12	11 12	11 12	Nasik .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 0 26 6	26 6	13 4	106 4	106 4	106 4	106 4	106 4	12 4	12 4	12 4	12 4	Ahmednagar .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 20 11 20	20 11	11 12	70 0	70 0	70 0	70 0	70 0	12 4	12 4	12 4	12 4	Poona .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 5 27	6 27	15 8	91 6	91 6	91 6	91 6	77 9	11 4	11 4	11 4	11 4	Sholapur .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 20 12 17	17 11	13 6	112 0	110 0	110 0	208 0	208 0	19 2	10 0	0 11	7 21	Kaladgi (Bagalkot)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 16 16 16	16 10	11 11	116 8	114 1	116 8	116 8	116 8	11 0	10 15	10 15	10 15	Barara .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11 0 31 0	20 8	18 8	13 8	260 0	250 0	100 0	100 0	12 0	0 12	0 12	0 12	Dolganur .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
10 14 0	24 0	21 0	14 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Dharwar (Hobli)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
16 13 18 12	12 15 16	16 2 16 15	11 14	180 0	180 0	150 0	150 0	10 0	0 10	0 10	0 10	Ratnagiri .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20 0 20 0	15 0	15 15 18 4	10 0	213 5	213 5	213 5	213 5	10 8	8 10	8 10	8 10	Kanara (Karwar)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
30 0 30 0	22 18	32 0	20 20 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	11 8	11 8	11 8	11 8	Panch Mahals (Godhra)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 9 6 9	6 10 5	5 9	0 0 0	65 5	65 5	65 5	65 5	33 0	0 33	0 33	0 33	Aden .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 30 0 21 9	17 0	17 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	0 10	0 10	0 10	Asirgarh .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 14 21	21 11	16 9	80 0	80 0	91 8	91 8	10 8	6 11	7 12	5 12	5 12	Baroda .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 20 4 20	4 15	6	137 8	187 8	137 8	137 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Dina .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 28 4 23	4 23 0	14 0	160 0	100 0	160 0	160 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Nimach .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 24 25 71	23 23 7	6	80 0	80 0	75 0	75 0	4 41	0 42	0 42	0 42	0 42	Nazirabad .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 27 0 27	0 17 0	17 0	90 0	90 0	75 0	75 0	10 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Rajkot .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" 14 9 19	19 12	18 12	124 0	274 0	200 0	100 0	10 0	10 0	0 14	0 14	0 14	0 14	Upper Sindh Frontier
" 19 0 19	0 18 0	14 0	10 0	105 0	110 0	105 0	105 0</td																		

Prices Current of Food-grains (Grams)

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

PROVINCES.	DISTRICTS.												DISTRICTS.											
	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice (best sort).			Rice (common).			Gram Millet (Cholam, Jowar), Bajra, Jowar.			Bajra Millet (Cereals, Barley, Pennisetum, etc.)								
	Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fort- night of 1890.		Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fort- night of 1890.		Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fort- night of 1890.		Present fortnight.		Past fortnight.		Corresponding fort- night of 1890.	
Central Districts.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	
Calcutta . . .	15 0	15 0	11 9	21 6	22 0	16 0	6 10	6 12	6 10	18 12	17 0	19 5	32 0	32 0	20 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2d-Pergunah . . .	18 0	16 0	15 14	32 0	..	28 102	20 0	20 0	18 8	10 0	19 8	21 4	13 5
Nudde . . .	18 0	16 0	10 0	21 0	20 0	13 0	28 0	8 0	28 0	0	18 0
Jasore . . .	16 0	16 0	10 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moorshedabad . . .	19 8	16 0	16 0	..	..	..	22 0	24 0	18 12	33 0	22 0	18 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dinajpore . . .	14 8	18 12	8 4	29 1	28 0	19 5	26 0	24 0	19 0	27 0	31 8	21 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajshahye . . .	19 11	12 12	17 6	52 8	37 8	30 0	22 8	22 8	24 0	18 12	10 4	19 12	32 0	32 0	20 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpore . . .	18 0	18 0	11 4	..	..	..	15 0	15 0	12 14	22 8	22 8	18 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bogra . . .	24 0	24 0	24 0	..	..	..	24 0	24 0	16 8	37 6	39 0	24 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pabna . . .	24 0	17 0	21 0	..	..	..	18 0	13 0	10 0	22 0	33 0	18 12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Darjeeling . . .	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0	6 0	4 8	13 0	12 0	11 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jalpaiguri . . .	10 0	10 0	6 0	..	..	..	16 0	18 0	16 0	22 8	23 0	20 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eastern Districts.																								
Dacca . . .	12 5	13 5	11 7	45 0	45 0	52 0	26 8	28 8	19 12	35 0	35 0	21 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Faridnagar . . .	No return received	..	..	..	..	..	20 0	20 0	14 0	32 0	33 0	19 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Backergunge . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	20 0	20 0	18 0	35 0	35 0	20 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mymensingh . . .	11 12	11 4	10 0	..	..	..	27 4	27 0	17 8	37 0	37 0	26 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tipperah . . .	13 4	19 0	10 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittagong . . .	No return received	..	..	..	..	..	27 0	22 0	17 0	38 0	24 0	20 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nowrangpur . . .	No return received	..	..	..	..	..	23 0	22 0	16 0	38 0	34 0	23 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hill Tipperah . . .	9 0	8 0	8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar.																								
Patna . . .	26 0	26 0	19 0	40 0	40 0	30 0	16 0	16 0	19 8	26 10	26 10	19 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gya . . .	22 0	21 0	18 0	38 0	38 0	27 8	18 0	15 0	8 8	24 0	23 0	19 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahibabad . . .	{ 18 0	{ 19 0	{ 17 0	{ 39 0	{ 37 0	{ 25 0	{ 22 0	{ 20 0	{ 17 0	{ 24 0	{ 24 0	{ 19 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Durhampur . . .	24 0	24 0	13 0	55 0	55 0	55 0	27 0	18 8	18 8	11 0	23 4	24 0	16 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nowrangpore . . .	19 0	19 0	12 0	60 0	60 0	55 0	25 0	31 0	10 0	24 0	24 0	17 0	39 0	40 0	0 25 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Serun . . .	20 0	19 0	14 0	45 0	45 0	36 0	26 4	10 6	10 8	8 8	23 0	23 0	17 0	39 0	40 0	0 25 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Champaran . . .	22 0	21 0	14 0	45 0	45 0	30 0	14 0	14 0	12 0	21 0	21 0	17 0	31 0	31 0	0 25 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moulvi . . .	23 1	21 0	10 12	42 0	42 0	23 1	21 0	16 12	16 12	10 8	21 0	27 4	4 15 12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bhagalpur . . .	18 15	15 12	12 10	50 0	44 3	25 4	20 3	20 3	10 6	24 0	22 11	47 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Purnia . . .	30 0	16 0	{ 16 0	{ 40 0	{ 40 0	{ 30 0	{ 25 0	{ 25 0	{ 18 0	{ 35 0	{ 32 0	{ 19 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malgudi . . .	16 0	16 0	17 0	..	..	..	16 0	16 0	16 0	30 0	29 0	29 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Pergunah . . .	14 8	15 0	11 0	..	..	..	27 0	27 0	18 0	30 0	30 0	21 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orissa.																								
Cuttack . . .	21 0	21 0	11 12	..	..	..	16 12	19 11	13 2	26 4	26 4	18 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Purulia . . .	15 0	15 12	10 8	..	..	..	30 0	30 0	18 0	12 0	10 0	23 0	25 0	24 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Baleswar . . .	16 0	13 5	12 0	..	..	..	21 12	26 12	16 0	37 12	31 12	20 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chota Nagpur—South-Western Frontier Agency.																								
Hazaribagh . . .	21 0	21 0	18 0	..	..	..	40 0	30 0	18 0	12 0	10 0	23 0	25 0	24 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lohardaga . . .	22 0	20 0	14 0	86 0	86 0	..	28 0	24 0	24 0	20 0	20 0	28 0	28 0	25 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Singhrao . . .	18 0	16 0	12 0	32 0	32 0	40 0	32 0	32 0	22 0	22 0	20 0	33 0	32 0	32 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0		
Mauhoom . . .	18 0	14 0	16 0	40 0	18 0	32 0	22 0	20 0	33 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0		

* In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 30-12 pence, barley 32 to 40 pence, common rice 20 pence, gram 14 pence, and salt 2 pence.

† In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 20 pence, barley 30 to 35 pence, common rice 15 to 20 pence, gram 12 to 15 pence, and salt 2 to 3 pence.

‡ In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 20 pence, barley 30 to 35 pence, common rice 15 to 20 pence, gram 12 to 15 pence, firewood 100 pence, and salt 2 to 3 pence.

§ In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 20 pence, barley 30 to 35 pence, common rice 15 to 20 pence, gram 12 to 15 pence, firewood 100 pence, and salt 2 to 3 pence.

¶ In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 20 pence, barley 30 to 35 pence, common rice 15 to 20 pence, gram 12 to 15 pence, firewood 100 pence, and salt 2 to 3 pence.

• In the interior the prices range as follows:—Wheat 10 to 20 pence, barley 30 to 35 pence, common rice 15 to 20 pence, gram 12 to 15 pence, firewood 100 pence, and salt 2

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout India.

QUANTITIES PER BBL

* Blasberg: Present at

for the 2nd half of March 1851—continued.

MEERS OF 80 TOLAHs.

Prices Current of Food-grains throughout

QUANTITIES PER RTT

for the 2nd half of March 1881—continued.

AS OF 80 TOLAHs.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS, &c., FOR THE 2ND HALF OF DECEMBER 1880, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 106 & 107 OF THE SUPPLEMENT TO THE "GAZETTE OF INDIA" DATED 29TH JANUARY 1881.

Province Or Dist.	Districts.	AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH OF			REMARKS.
		Able-bodied Agricultural Labourer.	Bys or Horse-keeper.	Common Mason, Carpenter, or Blacksmith.	
	Dehra Doo	5 0 0	5 0 0	9 5 0	
	Baharapur	4 0 0	4 4 0	10 6 8	
	Muzaffernagar	4 0 0	4 0 0	12 0 0	
	Meerut	5 0 0	4 8 0	9 0 0	
	Bulandshahr	8 18 4	4 12 10	7 10 8	
	Aligarh	4 4 9	4 0 0	8 5 4	
	Kuinaun	4 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	
	Gardwâl	4 0 0	4 0 0	7 6 0	
	Bijnor	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 2 0	
	Moradabad	3 0 0	4 0 0	7 2 0	
	Budhan	3 4 0	4 0 0	6 8 0	
	Bareilly	3 4 0	3 14 0	6 8 0	
	Sohâjâhpur	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Tarâi Pergunnahs	4 8 0	4 8 0	9 10 6	
	Muttra	4 8 0	6 2 0	8 9 6	
	Agra	4 8 0	4 12 0	7 14 0	
	Durukhabad	8 10 0	4 8 0	8 0 0	
	Mainpuri	4 0 0	5 0 0	7 8 0	
	Etawah	4 0 0	4 0 0	6 9 6	
	Bîsh	3 9 0	4 0 0	8 0 0	
	Jalaun	3 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Jhânsi	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Lalitpur	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	
	Cawnpore	8 14 0	4 8 0	7 8 0	
	Fatehpore	8 4 0	4 0 0	8 12 0	
	Bânde	4 0 0	5 0 0	8 12 0	
	Allâhabad	5 8 0	5 8 0	12 13 3	
	Hauzpur	8 0 0	4 8 0	8 0 0	
	Jaunpur	3 0 0	4 0 0	7 0 0	
	Gorakhpur	3 4 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Ratâi	2 13 0	3 7 0	7 8 0	
	Azamgarh	3 4 6	3 8 0	4 11 0	
	Mirzapur	2 4 0	4 0 0	8 12 0	
	Benares	1 12 0	4 8 0	8 1 6	
	Ghazipur	2 0 0	3 0 0	8 0 0	
	Bâlia	4 0 0	4 8 0	8 0 0	
	Pilibhit	4 0 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Lucknow	3 0 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Unâo	3 4 0	4 0 0	6 10 0	
	Bâra Banki	3 18 0	3 4 8	8 14 0	
	Bitapur	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 8 0	
	Hardui	3 12 0	3 8 0	7 8 0	
	Kheri	3 6 6	5 8 0	5 8 0	
	Fyzabad	3 4 6	4 8 0	8 7 0	
	Bharâsb	3 0 0	4 0 0	9 0 0	
	Gonda	2 13 0	3 8 0	6 10 6	
	Rai Bareli	2 0 0	4 0 0	6 12 9	
	Sultânpur	3 0 0	5 0 0	7 8 0	
	Purnâgarh	2 18 0	3 12 0	6 3 8	

T. C. HOPE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STATEMENT OF PRICES CURRENT OF FOOD GRAINS FOR THE 1ST HALF OF MARCH 1891, PUBLISHED IN PAGES 414 & 415 OF THE "GAZETTE OF INDIA." DATED 9TH APRIL 1891.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, APRIL 9, 1891.

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Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME, REVENUE, AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

THE LEVY OF TOWN DUTIES IN MUNICIPALITIES.

No. 45 (Statistics and Commerce), dated London, 3rd March 1881.

From—The Secretary of State for India,
To—The Government of India.

I have received and considered in Council your letter of the 29th December 1880, No. 1 (Municipalities), enclosing a copy of a Resolution which has been issued by your Government on the subject of octroi taxation.

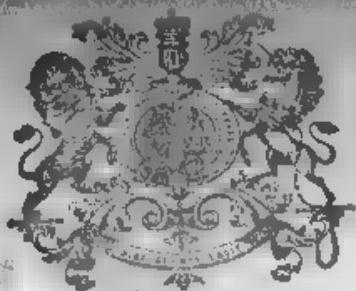
2. I entirely approve of the terms of this Resolution, and am glad to observe that Your Excellency in Council has bestowed on this important subject so much careful and earnest consideration. I trust that your policy will be energetically supported by the action of the Local Governments and Administrations, and that you will be able shortly to report a decided reform in the matter of municipal taxation generally, so that recourse to legislative measures may be rendered unnecessary.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.		
Bombay—contd.				
Kanara	23 at Mudgod ; 40 at Supa.	Harvesting second crops throughout district; cattle-disease prevails; weather hot and cloudy; common rice in Karwar 16, in district 16½ seers per rupee. Rajkot	Weather hot; health good; <i>bajri</i> 48 and <i>jowari</i> 56 lbs. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Slight rain in Southern Maharashtra Country, Sholapur, and Satara. In Jacobabad damage caused by inundation; cattle-disease severe in Sind; public health slightly improved; one case of cholera in Ahmedabad.
Bengal—(April 26th)				
Chittagong	—	Weather cloudy; prospects of crops good; small-pox and cattle-disease still reported; prices stationary.		
Dacca	1·22	Rice and jute being sown and sugarcane planted; prospects favourable.		
24-Pergunnahs	1·30	No crops on the ground; land being ploughed for early rice and jute crops; eleven small-pox cases reported from Canaing Town; cholera in Bharat, Basirhat, and Sathkhira; common rice at head-quarters 16 to 20 seers and in sub-divisions 20 to 26 seers.		
Moorshedabad	·57	Prospects of crops good; land being prepared for <i>aus</i> ; public health good.		
Rajshahiya	1·06	Weather very hot and cloudy; <i>rabi</i> crops harvested, outturn poor; <i>boro dhan</i> , <i>til</i> , and jute thriving; <i>amra</i> and <i>aus</i> being sown; cholera prevalent in many parts.		
Burdwan	1·92	Weather generally hot, but with showers at intervals; rain wanted for ploughing; cholera prevalent.		
Rungpore	·68	Weather hot; crops good; some cholera.		
Blagarpur	·40	Rice 24 seers; small-pox and a few cases of cholera in town.		
Purnea	·30	Sowing of <i>bhadoi</i> in progress; rice 30 seers; public health indifferent; rivers very low.		
Fafna	Nil	Threshing of <i>rabi</i> going on rapidly, outturn good.		
Dhubnaga	·3	Harvest of <i>rabi</i> out, but threshing operations still going on, good outturn; sugarcane and indigo looking healthy; prices stationary; general health good.		
Nazaribagh	Nil	Weather hot and seasonable; prospects of crops good; sugarcane progressing; <i>makka</i> being marketed; food cheap; general health good.		
Cuttack	·69	Ploughing in progress; rain wanted; cholera and small-pox still prevalent. <i>General Remarks.</i> —Rain in most districts during week facilitating preparation of lands and sowings of early crops, it is still wanted in a few districts; sugarcane planting progressing; prospects generally favourable; reaping of <i>boro</i> and <i>deua</i> rice commenced in places; cholera in many districts; prices easy.		
N. W. Provinces and Oudh—				
Banaras (April 27th)	Nil	Weather hot, strong west winds; sugarcane planting going on; sporadic cholera in city and environs; small-pox reported in Chandauli taluk; supplies plentiful; prices rising slightly.		
Allahabad (,,,,)	Slight shower in parts on 27th.	Prices on the whole nearly stationary; import of food-grains from east again commenced; cholera and measles abating a little; wheat 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, gram 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, coarse cleaned rice 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, unhusked rice 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, <i>bajra</i> 26 $\frac{1}{2}$, and peas 28 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.		
Gorakhpur (,,,,)	Nil	<i>Rabi</i> nearly threshed; sporadic instances of small-pox in fair and cholera in two talukas; weather becoming hot; prices fair; markets well supplied.		
Jhansi (,,,,)	.....	Threshing and winnowing still continue; markets plentifully supplied; wheat 24, gram 28, <i>bajra</i> 25; health generally good; cattle-disease increasing.	
Agra	Nil	Wheat 19, gram 20, barley 24, <i>bajra</i> 23, <i>makka</i> 23 seers.		
Bareilly (,,,,)	Nil	Weather hot; crops nearly cut; rates slightly falling; wheat 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, <i>bajra</i> 23, common rice 16, gram 22½ seers per rupee.		
Meerut (,,,,)	.....	Weather hot and dusty; small-pox appeared in Ghaziabad taluk; six cases of cholera on 25th and 26th in cantonments, five fatal; <i>rabi</i> harvest completed; cheapest wheat 23, barley 38, gram 24, <i>jwar</i> 21, <i>bajra</i> 21 seers.	
Kumman (,,,,)	.....	Weather settled; fine crops; good health; murrain and foot rot increasing; prices stationary.	
Parahababu (,,,,)	.....	Weather reasonable; wind west; harvest ended, outturn moderate; slight cattle-disease, but not fatal; prices—wheat 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, barley 30, gram 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, <i>bajra</i> 30, rice 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ seers.	
Lucknow (,,,,)	Nil	Weather reasonable; cattle-disease continues.		
Partabgarh (,,26th)	.....	Heat increasing, wind variable; small-pox reports continue; cholera which had made its appearance has disappeared from the Sadr, but not from the interior of the district.	
Nitapar (,,27th)	Nil	Weather reasonable; <i>rabi</i> outturn poor; a few cases of cholera reported in south-east corner of district; wheat 23, barley 33, gram 25 seers.		

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
N. W. Provinces and Oudh—contd.		
Fyzabad (April 27th)	Nil	Winds westerly and high; crops still being threshed and sugarcane sown; prices unchanged; cholera severe in early part of week, but apparently abating.
Aligarh (" ")	Nil	Heat increasing; crops cut; indigo sowing progressing; health good; wheat 21, barley 28, bajra 27, gram 28 seers.
Cawnpore (" ")	Nil	Rabi harvested; prospects of melon and pumpkin crop fair; sugar-cane and indigo sowing in progress; health good; prices stationary; wheat 23, barley 30, bajra 28, jauar 32 seers.
Moradabad (" ")	Nil	Prices of wheat and barley have risen since last week, in consequence of large exports towards Agra and Muttra; health good.
Saharanpur ( " " )	....	Weather getting warmer; rabi harvesting progressing; wheat 18½, gram 20½, barley 20, rice 10½, jauar 23, bajra 18, urd 22½, makki 20½, bajhar 22 seers.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Except a slight shower in Allahabad, no rain fell during the week; weather somewhat warmer with west winds; prices rising slightly; grain being exported from Moradabad towards Agra and Muttra; cholera decreasing in eastern districts, but has appeared in Meerut; cattle-disease continues in Lucknow and is increasing in Kannauj and Jhansi.		
Punjab—(April 26th)—		
Delhi	4	Harvesting in progress, outturn average; health good; slight fall in prices of some food-grains.
Hissar	...	Crops harvested; prices fluctuating; health good.
Umballa	...	Reaping in progress; health fair.
Jullundur	...	Reaping in progress; health good.
Lahore	...	Reaping in progress; health good; prices steady.
Ferozepore	...	Reaping in progress; prices steady.
Sialkot	...	Reaping in progress; health good.
Riwalpindi	1	Health good; estimated yield fair; prices steady.
Peshawar	3	Harvest prospects fairly good; prices steady.
Multan	...	Crops being harvested; health good; prices steady.
Dera Ismail Khan	...	Health and harvest prospects good; prices falling.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Weather favourable for harvesting, and a fair outturn expected.		
Central Provinces—		
Nagpur (April 27th)	....	Cloudy, close, and hot; harvest completed; health good; prices continue easy.
Jubbulpore ( " " )	....	Warm; threshing and winnowing in progress; cholera reported; rice 14 seers.
Baugor ( " " )	....	Cloudy; winnowing operation continues; cholera still reported; prices easy.
Seoni (" ")	...	Cloudy and close; threshing of rabi progressing; cattle-disease continues; health good.
Hoshangabad ( " " )	....	Hot; few cases of small-pox; fever prevalent; wheat 18 and rice 9 seers.
Raipur (" 23rd)	2	Warm; slight damage done to wheat by rain; ploughing for kharif commenced; cattle-disease reported; health good.
Sambalpur (" 21st)	11	Close and cloudy; health good; rice 18 seers.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Weather cloudy and warm; rabi harvesting almost completed; small-pox slightly prevalent in Hoshangabad, Wardha, and Nasik; elsewhere public health generally good; cattle-disease reported in some districts; prices easy.		
British Burma— (April 23rd)		
Akyab	...	Total rainfall .60; some small-pox continues in town, otherwise public health good; slight cattle-disease in two townships.
Rangoon	...	A few fatal cases of small-pox, otherwise public health good.
Bassein	Nil	Total rainfall .02; slight small-pox in district, otherwise public health good; cattle-disease in two townships.
Prome	Nil	Total rainfall .91; public health good.
Anherst (Moulmein)	Nil	Total rainfall 1.25; cholera in Moulmein and in parts of district, otherwise public health good.
Toungoo	...	Total rainfall .80; public health good.
<i>General Remarks.</i> —Slight small-pox in Akyab and in three districts of Pegu; some cholera in Bassein, Moulmein, and Anherst districts, otherwise public health good; a little cattle-disease.		
Assam—(April 27th)—		
Gauhati	...	Weather sultry; <i>uruk</i> cultivation in progress.
Sylhet	1.71 5.66	River very high again; cultivation proceeding; <i>bura</i> paddy turning out a very good crop; tea damaged by storms and hail.
Cachar	7.18 1.66	Weather warm; cattle-disease still prevalent; 7,083 deaths reported to date; owing to loss of cattle, cultivation of <i>duguchi</i> and <i>aera</i> crops somewhat checked in some parts of Katagon; common rice 20 seers per rupee; health good.
Dibrugarh	72	<i>Aus dhan</i> cultivation in progress; cattle-disease reported from Khamiker; no report from North Lakhimpur Bazar; healthy.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Mysore and Coorg— (April 27th)		
Dengalore	03	Crops in good condition generally, but withering in parts of Kolar district; prospects favourable; fever and small-pox continue to prevail, also murrain among cattle; prices fallen.
Mysore	08	
Mercara	11	Prospects of <i>vazha</i> crop and coffee good.
Berar & Hyderabad— (April 27th)		
Amarat	...	Weather warm, often cloudy; wheat 20 and <i>jowari</i> 30 acres.
Akola	...	Weather hot; ploughing operations in progress.
Hyderabad	...	<i>Babi</i> crops prospering, except where water has fallen short; ploughing for <i>kharif</i> commenced; no sickness; prices—coarse rice 94, wheat 142, yellow <i>jowari</i> 26, white <i>jowari</i> 26, <i>bajra</i> 27, <i>lachha</i> 36, and <i>tur</i> 31 rupees per current sacee rupee.
Central India States— (April 27th)		
Indore	...	Weather seasonable; health good; agricultural prospects continue favourable.
Morar (Gwalior)	...	Weather seasonable; health good.
Satna	...	Heat intense; cholera abating.
Nemund	...	No more cases of small-pox; weather hot.
Goraa	...	Health and crops good.
Bhopal	...	Weather hot; crops excellent; cattle-diseases prevailing to a great extent in Bhopal, and small-pox reported from some places.
Agar	...	Prospects continue favourable; health good.
Nowrang	...	Report not received.
Mánpur	...	Weather warm; small-pox abating.
Rajputana—		
Abu (April 27th)	....	Still windy, but warmer.
Sirhind (" 24th)	....	Tanks, wells, and health good; remarkably hot.
Marwar (" 22nd)	02	Tanks, wells, and health good; health good; cloudy, heat daily increasing, hot winds; prices fluctuating with tendency to rise; crops almost harvested.
Maywar (" 23rd)	....	Tanks and wells good; health fair; crops harvesting.
Harrowia (" 23rd)	....	Seasonable; small-pox decreasing slowly; crops below average, owing to insufficient rains, and heat and rain in March.
Jhallawar (" 21st)	....	Seasonable; water-supply good.
Ajmero (" 27th)	....	High winds; heat increasing; some small-pox.
Jaipore (" 26th)	....	Health good.
Ujjwar (" 26th)	....	Crops harvested; weather hot; cholera, cattle-diseases, and fever continue.
Nepal (April 19th)—		
Katmandu	21	Very good spring crops in the hill districts.

C. GRANT,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

Nº 19. { CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1881.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made available.

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delivered in Calcutta, or nine Rupees if sent by Post.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. XIV OF 1881.

APPROXIMATE STATEMENT OF GROSS RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES OF INDIAN RAILWAYS											
Last return received.	Railways	RECEIPTS FOR THE FIRST 10 DAYS OF APRIL 1881.		RECEIPTS FOR THE FIRST 10 DAYS OF APRIL 1881.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st APRIL 1880 TO 30th APRIL 1880.		TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM 1st APRIL 1881 TO 10th April 1881.		Total Increase in 1881-82. Rs.	Total Decrease in 1881-82. Rs.
		Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open.	Total.	Per mile open per week.	Total.	Per mile open per week.		
16th April 1881	Guaranteed.										
	East Indian	12,10,601	603	11,20,044	743	12,10,041	552	11,20,044	578	...	90,557
Ditto	Eastern Bengal	87,175	597	81,120	461	87,175	354	81,120	354	...	6,055
Ditto	Oude and Rohilkhand	1,31,384	210	1,68,014	307	1,31,384	189	1,08,014	288	20,000	11,171
9th ditto	Sind, Punjab & Delhi	4,05,025	580	2,39,464	435	4,05,025	419	2,39,464	398	...	89,667
Ditto	Madras	2,00,431	234	1,80,767	188	2,00,431	163	1,80,767	146	...	9,503
Ditto	South Indian	97,520	154	87,956	134	97,520	106	87,956	104	...	...
16th ditto	Great Indian Peninsula	7,87,396	546	9,02,170	638	7,87,396	381	9,02,170	384	1,14,780	...
Ditto	Bombay, Baroda and Central India	2,88,800	653	8,36,388	765	2,88,800	457	8,35,388	587	46,879	...
	TOTAL	32,09,353	513	31,49,829	490	32,09,353	267	31,49,829	287	...	60,024
16th April 1881	State.										
	Calcutta and Sonth-Eastern	9,335	119	8,430	122	9,335	53	9,430	96	95	233
Ditto	Nalhati	1,344	68	1,511	56	1,344	47	1,511	44	...	182
Ditto	Northern Bengal	38,852	168	68,470	167	38,852	118	88,470	180	1,911	...
Ditto	Tirhoot	16,061	198	17,275	211	16,064	137	17,275	164	846	...
Ditto	Patna-Gaya	14,956	262	14,311	257	14,956	148	14,311	200	...	200
Ditto	Muttra-Rathras	9,455	119	2,256	112	9,455	88	8,256	87	...	...
	Dhod and Mahmud (a)	5,760	84	9,059	221	5,760	58	9,059	172	4,189	...
	Wardha Coal	1,316	30	7,186	109	(a) 1,616	45	7,186	86	8,590	...
16th April 1881	Nagpur & Chhattisgarh	1,316	30	7,186	109	(a) 1,616	45	7,186	86	8,590	...
Ditto	Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley	49,814	303	62,356	387	48,814	213	63,356	301	18,842	...
9th ditto	Sindia (Northern Sec.)	9,037	52	8,447	93	8,087	87	8,447	72	419	...
16th ditto	Sindia (Southern Sec.)	1,703	52	6,556	190	1,703	86	6,556	106	4,817	...
Ditto	Kajputana	1,12,012	206	1,75,206	241	1,12,012	144	1,75,206	187	63,198	...
	Western Rajputana (Southern Section) (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th April 1881	Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch	33,460	159	47,645	165	38,886	111	47,845	126	18,779	...
26th Mar. 1881	Punjab Northern	1,82,013	768	...	(d)	1,32,046	537	...	...	...	1,32,045
16th April 1881	Indus Valley and Kaudahar	2,40,725	474	99,905	158	2,40,725	322	99,905	121	...	1,40,290
	Khamgaon (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amaravati (a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First 2 days of April 1881	Nizam's	18,170	150	(e) 1,065	86	18,170	105	(f) 1,065	126	...	12,805
16th April 1881	Cawnpore-Farukhabad	...	...	6,508	76	...	...	6,508	59	6,508	...
9th ditto	Bhavnagar-Gondal	...	...	24,555	128	...	...	24,555	90	24,555	...
16th ditto	Mysore	...	...	3,020	62	...	...	3,020	40	3,020	...
9th ditto	Dildarnagar-Ghazipur	...	...	994	82	...	...	994	64	994	...
	TOTAL	67,40,014	283	62,29,064	187	67,40,014	202	62,29,064	129	...	2,04,124
	GRAND TOTAL	28,83,417	450	36,74,233	387	34,83,417	315	34,74,233	300	...	1,04,109
	GENERAL EXPENSES	...	...	...	...	10,30,543	161	10,30,543	164	...	...

(a) Included with Great Indian Peninsula Railways.
G. I. P. R. & N. S. G. Railways.

(a) included with Great Indian Peninsula Railways.

(b) Incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.
- General meetings from 9th to 10th April 1990.

1. **Healthcare Data Privacy**: A comprehensive guide to understanding and protecting sensitive patient information.

12. Return not money.
13. Return for the week ending 7th April 19

Bowling for the first 3 days of April 18

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF THE NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES FOR THE KHARIF SEASON, 1880-81.

No. 258 A., dated Allahabad, the 4th March 1881.

RESOLUTION—By His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.
Read—

Statements A., B., C.13 for Kharif, 1880-81.

OBSERVATIONS.—The monsoon rains of the year 1880 varied very much in quantity in the several districts of the North-Western Provinces. In the upper districts lying under the Himalayas the rainfall was plentiful in June and July, but insufficient during August and the first half of September, and the season closed with extraordinarily heavy rain and destructive floods in the middle of September. In the lower part of the Doab there was a short rainfall from the beginning of August, which in the districts of Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore and Bundelkhand, ended in an almost complete drought and failure of the unirrigated kharif harvest. Indeed, some other districts, such as Muttra, Aligarh, and Etah, were only saved from the same fate by receiving a portion of the heavy rain which fell higher up the country in September.

Even in districts which received on the whole a fair share of rain the deficiency in August and the first half of September caused a larger demand than usual for canal water on account of rice and other grain crops.

2. The consequence was that the area irrigated by the canals of the North-Western Provinces reached the large total of 700,139 acres; 144,498 acres more than the area of 1879-80, and only 31,000 acres less than that of 1877-78, the last year of drought.

3. The following abstract of the detailed statement given in the succeeding paragraph shows the effect on the character of the canal irrigation of the varying amount and distribution of the rainfall:—

Crops.	1877-78.	1879-80.	1880-81.
Sugarcane	182,005	155,681	135,292
Food-grains	221,670	112,388	277,317
Other crops, dyes, fibres, &c.	370,918	277,642	287,532
TOTAL	731,583	555,611	700,141

The rainfall of 1877 was both late and scanty, even when it did fall in July; that of 1879 was unusually heavy and abundant; and that of 1880 was favorable during the early part of the season, but failed entirely in some districts, and seriously in others, during August and September. Sugarcane, which is sown before the rainy season commences, and of which the area is influenced mainly by the state of the market and the seed, naturally remains fairly constant; the food-grains require rain to start them, so that the area watered during the year of partial drought, 1880-81, is greater than that of the year of complete drought, 1877-78: the staple dye,—indigo,—must have water when first sown and coming up, so lateness of rainfall increases the area of its irrigation; while the staple fibre,—cotton,—does not want much water, and, if well started by rain in June and July, gets on afterwards with a very moderate amount of rain.

4. The statement below shows in detail the areas, of the principal crops irrigated during the last four years :—

	1877	1878.	1879.	1880.
Sugarcane	130,005	147,681	165,601	155,292
Rice	66,644	79,257	75,003	155,570
Bajra and Juat	81,137	12,079	6,635	43,266
Maize	61,577	65,818	17,206	59,274
Other food-grains. . . .	12,972	19,326	12,585	9,207
Fodder	36,030	17,155	5,906	7,924
Fibres	106,309	74,582	59,580	63,680
Dyes	214,286	248,284	185,105	191,843
Miscellaneous	15,283	15,014	20,471	20,943
TOTAL	731,583	660,026	555,641	790,139

The decrease in sugarcane has taken place in all the divisions of the Ganges Canal, on the Eastern Jumna and Agra Canals, and is due, as just stated, partly to the state of the market, but still more to the failure of the seed.

The area of rice is nearly twice as great as the average area of the three previous years. This is due, as explained before, to the nature of the season, but a very marked increase on the Rohilkhand Canals, from an area

which had not before exceeded 28,500* acres to 45,511 acres, requires special notice. Nearly the whole of the area of 1880 was under late rice, and the large increase

was due to the almost complete failure of the rains during August and the first half of September in the plains, while frequent small floods from the hills kept up the supply in the rivers without serious damage to the head works of the various canals.

5. The following compares the areas for the two years 1879 and 1880 by canals :—

Canal,	1879.	1880.	More.	Less.
Upper Ganges Canal	282,486	305,554	23,068	
Lower ditto	128,118	183,974	55,856	
Agra ditto	20,817	38,027	15,210	
Eastern Jumna Canal	98,032	107,454	9,422	
Rohilkhand ditto	18,981	57,044	38,063	
Dúu ditto	6,160	6,441	281	
Bijnor ditto	656	2,808	2,152	
Hamípur ditto	391	237	...	154
TOTAL	565,641	700,139	144,498	

In the above table, as in all the tables of this resolution and the statements appended to it, the Lower Ganges Canal includes the Cawnpore and Etawah Divisions, which from the commencement of the current year, 1880-81, have been transferred to it.

Taking the new divisions of the Lower Ganges Canal separately, the areas for the two years compare as below :—

	1879.	1880.
Narora	6,049	8,582
Mainpuri	4,834	20,135

The area on the Agra Canal has increased, but is still lower than the areas of 1877 and 1878. The increase is due chiefly to the coarser grain crops, which were watered in August and September owing to failure of the rain. The areas of sugarcane and rice are very small. Cotton has again increased, but, on the whole, no permanent advance is apparent on this canal.

The increase on the Rohilkhand Canals has already been noticed and is entirely due to late rice.

6. The following statement compares the assessments on account of occupiers' rate for the last four years:—

	1877-78.	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.
Upper Ganges	18,88,155	13,18,842	12,01,470	9,09,785
Lower ditto . . . .	...	...	31,072	4,15,906
Agra	1,41,262	1,23,198	69,478	69,055
Eastern Jumna Canal	8,58,278	8,84,001	8,99,789	8,99,757
Rohilkhand	20,848	19,053	20,106	46,867
Dün	12,385	11,097	19,219	17,315
Bijnor	1,086	...	1,146	4,781
Bundelkhand	1,499	809	469	479
Total	18,73,483	18,56,440	17,42,699	18,92,785

The transfer of the Cawnpore and Etawah terminal divisions from the Upper to the Lower Ganges Canal, mentioned in para. 5, explains the apparent decrease in the revenue of the former, and great increase on the latter canal.

The total canal revenue is higher than that of 1877-78, when the area was greater. This is due to the large area under rice.

The occupiers' rate per acre was Rs. 2·70 as compared with Rs. 2·81 and Rs. 3·14 in 1878 and 1879 respectively, the falling-off being due to the decrease in sugarcane and other crops. But for the large increase in area of rice the rate per acre would have been still lower in 1880.

ORDERED, that copies of this Resolution be submitted to the Government of India for information; that it be circulated as usual to other Governments and Departments; and that it be published in the Government Gazette.

By order, &c.,

HENRY A. BROWNLOW, Col., R.E.,

Secy. to Govt., N. W. P. and Oudh, P. W. D., I.B.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, MAY 7, 1881.

No. A13.—KHARIF STATEMENT.
IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF THE KHARIF SEASON, 1880-81.
COMPARATIVE ABSTRACT OF IRRIGATION AND RAINFALL IN CANAL DISTRICTS OF THE N.W. PROVINCES.

Districts.	Area in acres.	Cultivated acres.	Area irrigated.	Rainfall in Kharif months.												Total.	
				1880-81, as compared with 1879-80.				1880.				1879.					
				Kharif, 1880-81.	Kharif, 1879-80.	Increase Decrease.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	1880.	1879.	
Saharanpur	1,418,880	805,120	50,850	52,244	...	...	1.0	1.0	6.3	2.7	15.8	3.5	1.2	10.2	1.5	3.5	24.2
Muzaffarnagar	1,061,989	699,622	73,118	70,126	2,992	...	1.1	1.1	5.6	2.5	10.6	10.3	2.1	7.3	1.8	3.9	22.0
Meerut	1,510,664	1,071,493	125,862	107,269	18,593	...	1.1	1.1	6.2	1.8	16.5	13.1	1.6	14.6	16.8	3.1	40.1
Bijnor	1,392,470	857,520	79,598	75,931	3,867	...	1.1	1.1	7.5	3.1	11.2	18.6	1.6	14.4	2.0	0.8	21.6
Ajgrah	1,250,775	919,850	68,836	53,666	5,281	...	1.1	1.1	4.8	4.8	7.3	14.8	1.1	11.3	5.2	2.4	1.8
Muttra	1,031,538	827,843	82,753	82,753	0	...	1.1	1.1	3	3	2.0	4.5	1.4	10.9	1.3	3.0	33.9
Agra	1,220,819	873,976	10,617	15,176	16,539	...	1.1	1.1	5	5	7.0	7.0	1.7	9.2	2.3	1.8	25.4
Etah	967,680	629,800	33,358	19,522	13,836	...	1.1	1.1	6	6	7.9	7.2	1.7	10.7	2.6	8.2	11.8
Mainpuri	1,085,626	607,498	42,634	28,077	14,557	...	1.1	1.1	7	8.2	4.9	1.1	2.2	2.9	6.5	3.2	15.6
Farrukhabad	1,116,633	687,261	19,352	1,601	4,951	...	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	36.0
Etawah	1,574,240	563,200	48,080	38,152	9,929	...	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	4.5
Cawnpore	1,495,576	865,065	64,618	40,398	24,120	...	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	11.2
Delhi	817,280	532,480	422	49	373	...	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	26.2
Gurgaon	1,307,200	967,680	9,814	5,834	3,980	...	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	34.9
Dehra Dun	653,271	82,248	6,152	6,160	...	8	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	20.2
Bijnor	1,917,896	663,125	9,808	6,56	2,132	...	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	64.4
Tara	568,793	144,930	5,129	3,172	1,957	...	1	1	2.6	2.6	7.8	4.5	1.1	13.0	1.1	3.2	32.1
Pilibhit	573,094	1,228,040	{ 9,055	{ 15,809	36,706	...	1	1	1.3	1.3	4.9	9.1	2.9	16.5	8.8	4.2	31.1
Bareilly	1,037,416	1,002,880	{ 43,460	{ 57	57	...	1	1	1.1	1.1	2.7	1.5	1.1	27.1	1.1	4.1	46.6
Maujai	1,463,424	890,128	180	334	154	...	1	1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	10.7
Hamirpur																	19.0
Total	23,594,064	14,317,740	706,139	555,641	100,613	6,115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
																	144,498
																	Net Increase ...

G. H. D. WALKER,
Ass. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P., P. & I. R.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF THE KHARIF SEASON, 1880-81.
STATEMENT IN ACRES OF CROPS IRRIGATED IN CANAL DIVISIONS

Division Bihar & Orissa.	Ganges Canal.					Lower Ganges Canal.					BUNDHAN & IRANI CANALS.					Bijapur Canals.			Gadad Forts.	
	Andhra	Bihar	Deccan	Ganges	Total	Maharashtra	Central Provinces	All Gangs	Total	Agra Canal	Brahmaputra Canals	Diu Canal	Hampi Lakes	Hampi Lakes	Bijapur Canals	Hampi Lakes	Total			
	North Bihar	North Bihar	Deccan	All Gangs	Total	North Bihar	Central Provinces	All Gangs	Total	Agra Canal	Brahmaputra Canals	Diu Canal	Hampi Lakes	Hampi Lakes	Bijapur Canals	Hampi Lakes	Total			
Jeans and orchards	292	551	727	956	4,101	362	426	1,266	1,646	3,300	1,680	1,214	305	247	4	19	3	10,873		
arcane	18,759	17,998	32,717	7,137	1,440	73,051	979	1,260	6,233	7,484	16,446	91,374	1,063	10,239	897	17	58	2,137	185,292	
els—Rice	17,916	3,288	9,048	646	2,329	33,227	133	1,108	4,403	6,373	12,017	89,170	6	45,511	4,978	12	51	598	135,570	
Bajra	97	57	...	23	137	314	384	224	62	2,922	2,682	133	404	89	...	...	...	...	2,852
Juar	...	...	...	281	7,478	7,739	711	3,708	4,480	15,850	24,788	...	6,640	249	...	...	28	...	39,434
Mati	465	8,525	12,272	14,816	12,676	48,754	538	1,843	11,320	6,513	19,214	19,859	1,091	348	9	...	...	...	89,274
Miscellaneous	864	600	202	66	1,203	2,925	260	497	525	2,192	3,495	502	277	649	20	...	7	10	7,895	
er crops	381	324	15	720	...	128	128	125	320	6	5	2	1,812
Cotton	476	1,547	2,033	2,161	3	6,220	1,662	89	3	7,924
Other fibres	...	3,599	3,877	10,098	13,733	31,302	286	934	923	4,628	6,766	7,729	16,417	...	2	15	9	55	62,295	
Indigo	...	...	11,984	5,143	32,569	44,135	93,851	4,654	8,617	31,746	44,857	69,774	2,927	7,863	243	1	...	...	1,386
Other dyes	322	...	...	...	...	322	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194,661
Opium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322
Other drugs	...	...	3	6	20	7	44	5	2	65	19	91	116	4	11	269	...	1	555
Llanes	...	776	...	1,365	...	2,141	266	782	892	2,707	4,647	2,161	552	...	...	...	3	...	11
Total, 1880-81	35,265	49,252	66,039	70,162	84,836	305,554	8,582	20,135	61,945	98,312	188,974	107,454	36,627	57,644	6,441	57	160	2,808	700,139	
Total, 1879-80	35,148	46,359	61,006	64,376	75,597	289,486	6,049	4,834	51,583	65,652	128,118	98,032	20,817	18,981	6,160	57	334	656	55,5641	

* Watered once and insufficiently watered.

G. H. D. WALKER,
And Secy to Govt., N. W. P., I. W. D., I. B.